THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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White House Gossip.

What Took Place at the Chief Executive's Mansion.

DELEGATIONS RECEIVED.

The President Has Plenty to Do During the Two Hours That He Devotes to Callers—Candidates for a Few of the Fat Offices.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The president had anything but an easy time yesterday. The two hours in the forenoon that he has set apart for receiving delegations and other callers were occupied busily. Many delegations called. Among those waiting a chance to see the president in the ante-room were ex-Senator William Mahone and Representative Bowden, of Virginia. They were accompanied by ex-Postmaster-General Hatton, and it is understood that their business with the president was in regard to the distribution of Federal patronage in Virginia. They remained with the president only a few minutes.

A large delegation of ministers and ladies, representing the Indian Educational association, had a long conference. Two District of Columbia delegations came to urge candidates for district offices. As on former days, the majority of the callers were senators and representatives of congress, nearly all of whom had at least one friend in tow. It was noticeable that a number of Democratic congressmen succeeded in seeing the president. Among these were Senators Coke and Reagan, of Texas; Brown, of Georgia, and Kenna, of West Virginia, and Representative Wheeler, of Alabama. Other callers were Senators Spooner and Jones, of Nevada; Paddock, Manderson, Hiscock, Farwell, Teller with Congressman Townsend, of Colorado, and Representative McKinley.

A few privileged callers saw the president after 12 o'clock. These were the vice president, Secretaries Blaine and Noble and Attorney General Miller. At 1:30 the president went down to the east room and shook hands with about two hundred people who were there.

Reid and Phelps.

CHICAGO, March 14.—A News special from Washington says: Rumor now is that Whitelaw Reid is going to France instead of England as minister, but his friends say that he will not accept the French mission, that he will go to England or nowhere, and there is a very strong impression that he will decline in favor of Mr. Phelps. Both of them cannot be appointed. Mr. Blaine has explained that very fully. Mr. Phelps generously surrendered all his claims in favor of Mr. Reid, and now Mr. Reid does not want to accept the position because he will feel that he is keeping Mr. Phelps out, and he is under very many obligations to the latter gentleman. When Mr. Reid was financially embarrassed, and the Tribune was in the hands of Jay Gould, Mr. Phelps furnished funds to purchase the paper, which he has since owned and controlled.

Rumored Selections.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—It is reported in the treasury department that the president had selected Mr. Mason, of West Virginia, to be commissioner of internal revenue, and Mr. Huston, of Indianapolis, to be treasurer of the United States.

The Star says it is definitely settled that Corporal Tanner, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is to be commissioner of pensions.

Whitelaw Reid For the English Mission.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The Washington correspondent of the Graphic says he has it on unquestioned authority that Whitelaw Reid will be formally named for the English mission in a few days—probably before the week is out.

TOO CLOSE TO A GAS JET.

Serious Results From Careless Handling of Turpentine.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Samuel Lavine, of the firm of Lavine & Olstein, carrying on a business of painters' supplies in the basement of 75 Ludlow street, while pouring some turpentine into a paint pot last evening, held the can containing the turpentine too near a gas jet. The turpentine took fire, and Lavine, in his excitement, dropped the can near a barrel of benzine. An explosion followed. Olstein, who was arranging some paint brushes in the front window, was blown through the window into the street and severely injured. Lavine, with his clothing all on fire, was blown in a rear room occupied as the living apartments of Lavine, his wife and child. Mrs. Lavine was burned severely about the hands and arms in trying to tear the buring clothing from the person of her husband. Lavine was so severely burned that he died shortly afterwards.

Leon Shipira, a clerk in the law office of Nathan S. Levy on the floor above the paint store, was blown about ten feet by the force of the explosion, but escaped with slight injuries. The two stories above the lawyer's office were occupied by the Jaroffsky and Simon families, the members of which were badly shaken up and terrified beyond expression. Mrs. Jaroffsky was knocked down and when she regained her feet snatched up her child and was about to jump from the window, when she was seized and restrained.

Funeral of Mrs. Rosa M. Leland.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 14.—The funeral of Mrs. Rosa M. Leland, manager of the Leland opera house, in this city, and well known in the theatrical circles throughout the country, took place yesterday. It was one of the largest funerals ever held in this city.

Our Mary Too Ill to Play.

BALTIMORE, March 14.—By direction of her physician, on account of continued ill-health, Miss Mary Anderson has canceled her engagement here, and will not play in Baltimore this week.

An Early Morning Blaze.

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—The Moran company's bolt and nut factory, on Florida street, near the river, was damaged about $30,000 by fire about 1 o'clock this morning.

CATHOLICS AND PROHIBITION.

Archbishop Ryan Give Hais Views on This Much Discussed Subject.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—Archbishop Ryan, in response to the request of the editor of the Catholic Total Abstinence News, for his views upon the subject of the prohibition amendment, has sent the following letter:

"DEAR SIR—In reply to your question I beg to state that I believe constitutional amendments to be extreme measures which should be adopted only in case of supreme necessity. I believe, as far as I am capable of forming a judgment upon the subject, that high license and other laws enacted to preserve the people from intemperance, if duly enforced, would be quite sufficient to attain the desired end—that is, as far as mere legislation can attain it. More stringent laws could be enacted if found necessary, without touching the constitution itself. Yours sincerely in Christ,

"P. J. RYAN, Archbishop."

BISHOP RYAN.

As far as has been learned Archbishop Ryan's position is sustained in a large degree by the Roman Catholic clergy of the state.

The Gold Excitement.

Conflicting Reports of the Find in Lower California.

A THREATENED OUTBREAK.

English Capitalists Who Claim the Mines Trying to Shut Out American Miners, and Send to San Francisco for Coolies to Work for Them—The Gold Believed to Be Planted.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 14.—Great excitement existed in the lower California gold mining camps last night, and thousands of desperate gold hunters are breathing vengeance against the international company of English capitalists, whose agents lay claims to the mines and are trying to shut out Americans and others.

Yesterday it became known that the company had sent to San Francisco for 5,000 Chinamen to work the mines, and last night the American and Mexican miners held a mass meeting and determined not to submit to the coming of coolies. They also framed a petition to the American congress asking protection. The situation looks threatening and a battle between the independent miners and the English company's men is looked for every moment. Blood will certainly be shed if the company insists on bringing coolies to the camps.

Parties arriving from Ensenada state that the whole report of a rich gold field in Lower California is untrue, and was started by the International company, who, by the terms of a contract, had to get a large number of men in Lower California in order to save the concession made them by the Mexican government. Notwithstanding reports from returned prospectors that the places are frauds, many persons are still going there.

A Mine Owner's Opinion.

BUFFALO, March 14.—Col. Voshay, one of the owners of the rich Washington mine in Idaho, and one of the old California forty-niners, is at the Niagara house in this city. The colonel has been all over the section of Lower California, which is the scene of the present gold excitement. Speaking of the reports of big finds of gold there, the colonel said that in his opinion the reports were started by real estate sharks who have probably "planted" the gold that was found.

He believes it will turn out like the great diamond mine swindle of some years ago when something like $3,000,000 was paid for land, where $200,000 worth of rough diamonds had been judiciously planted. The colonel says that section of California is the most barren in the whole continent and the granite slate and quartz rock did not appear to him to be of the gold-bearing kind.

Brutal Murder and Suicide.

ERIE, Pa., March 14.—Adam Lanix, a wagonmaker, brutally assaulted his wife yesterday, dragging her into a bedroom, kicking and pounding her in a terrible manner. While she lay prostrate he made an unsuccessful attempt to cut her throat. The woman managed to escaped from him, and as she fled Lanix drew the knife across his own throat. When the officers arrived he had nearly severed his wrist and his throat was cut from ear to ear. His wife is not expected to live, having been internally injured.

No Beer in Iowa.

WAVERLY, Iowa, March 14.—Judge Braddick has grant temporary injunction restraining C. J. Fesselman from handling beer in this city, for the St. Louis breweries, and also forbidding the Burlington railroad from bringing the goods into the city. The case will probably come up for contest at the next term of the district court. This virtually stops the liquor traffic in this county, and the last saloon in this city closed its doors yesterday.

Stage Coach Held Up

SAN LUIS OBISPO, Cal., March 14.—The stage was held up Tuesday evening, about seven miles east of the town by a masked highwayman, who covered the driver and ordered the Wells, Fargo & Company box thrown out. The driver did as directed and was then permitted to drive on. The passengers were not molested.

Three Boilers Explode.

NEW YORK, March 14.—A special from Mahoney City, Pa., states that the three boilers of the St. Nicholas colliery exploded, killing a baby of Miss Louise Hoffman, injuring Mrs. Hoffman, fracturing the skull of James Delaney, a driver, and injuring several other persons in the vicinity.

A Joint Convention

Of Miners and Mine Operators at Columbus, Ohio,

TRY TO AGREE UPON PRICES,

But So Far Their Efforts Have Been in Vain—The Indiana Operators Insist on a Reduction, and Withdraw From the Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., March 14.—The joint committee of miners and mine operators resumed proceedings here, with Alexander Dempster, of Philadelphia, presiding. The greatest obstacle that confronted the convention was the condition of affairs in Indiana. Here the operators firmly demand a reduction over last year's prices of twenty cents on the ton. This the miners were indisposed to listen to, and assured a firm opposition to any such proposition. It became evident that there would be a split in the convention if the matter was pursued very far, as the extraordinary demand of the Indiana operators was beyond consideration.

The condition of affairs existing between miners and operators of Ohio and Pennsylvania were not so menacing. The miners ask for old prices, while the sentiment of the operators is for a small reduction.

The joint committee reported that it was unable to come to any agreement upon prices at its meeting held a short time previous, although the following scale basis were proposed for the mine operators and rejected by the miners: Operators of Ohio, sixty cents per ton; Pennsylvania, sixty-nine cents; Indiana, for bituminous coal, fifty cents per ton, and for block coal sixty-five cents per ton.

The miners maintain for last year's prices, which are as follows: In Ohio, sixty-five and seventy cents per ton; in Pennsylvania, seventy-four and seventy-nine cents per ton; in Indiana, for bituminous, sixty-five cents, and block coal eighty cents per ton.

The report of the committee was laid upon the table for the time being, and the convention recessed for fifteen minutes to give the Indiana delegation of operators an opportunity to prepare an explanation as to why they made the demand for such a reduction of the scale. During this time the president of the convention received a communication from that delegation. When read, after the convention was again called to order, it caused quite a stir. In this communication the Indiana people stated that they desired to withdraw from the convention, and would not be bound by any action taken by it. This action was in view of the impossibility to come to any satisfactory terms. The communication was a very respectful one, and the delegation thanking the convention for past courtesies, but for some unknown reason the chairman refused the newspaper representatives the privilege of inspecting it.

Mr. H. G. Chapman, of Ohio, moved that a committee, composed of the chairman and Mr. Oscar Townsend, of Ohio, be instructed to wait upon the Indiana delegation and endeavor to effect a reconciliation. This move met with considerable opposition, but finally prevailed. The committee reported that they were unable to find the Indiana delegation anywhere in the city.

The operators of Indiana seem to be in a positive position while the miners of that state are no less resolute in their determination to hold up the prices of last year's standard. With this state of affairs some lively scenes may be expected in the mining circles of the Hoosier state.

The miners and operators of Ohio and Pennsylvania display a desire to amicably adjust their differences, but some difficulty may be experienced before this is accomplished.

The convention occupied the entire day and several hours last night in attempting to form an agreement upon a scale of prices to be paid miners, but so far the efforts have been in vain.

The Indiana delegation of operators have refused to have further connection with the convention, and left for their home yesterday evening.

It is rumored that there is trouble between the Knights of Labor of Indiana, and the Miners' National and Progressive union which will develop in the convention later on.

It has been decided to hold the next convention at Pittsburg.

A Meeting of Farmers' Alliances.

DES MOINES, Iowa, March 14.—The business managers of the various state farmers' alliances are in session in this city, pursuant to a call issued at a meeting here in January last. The purpose of this meeting is to perfect a central business organization in the interest of all farmers' alliances. The meetings are secret, but it is understood that the public will be apprised of the work of the convention upon questions of universal interest. One subject under discussion is the monopoly of binding twine. Other business, such as freight rates, the establishment of a business department and alliance aid associations is also being considered.

Fight to a Finish.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—The fight to a finish between Sailor Brown, of New York city, and Young Mitchell, of San Francisco, for a purse of $1,500 and the middle-weight championship of the Pacific coast, took place last night at the rooms of the Golden Gate Athletic club. Billy Jordan was chosen referee, and time was called about 11 o'clock. The room was crowded almost to suffocation and a large crowd was on the outside waiting for the news. Brown was knocked out in the twenty-second round.

Probably the Missing Minister.

NEW YORK, March 14.—A man who registered at the Madison Avenue hotel as Edward Smith, of Galveston, is suspected by the police to be Rev. C. H. Smith, the missing Boston pastor.

A Noted Hotel Keeper Dead.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 14.—D. R. Jerauld, proprietor of the Cataract house, Niagara Falls, died yesterday. He had been a hotel keeper at the Falls fifty years, and was widely known.

STARVED TO DEATH.

Fears Expressed That Lord Lonsdale Has Joined the Great Majority.

PRICE ALBERT, N. W. T., March 14.—News reaches this point that two trappers, brothers named Finlayson, who left Canoe river settlement last August for Deer Lake, have starved to death. They took provisions and a trading outfit with the intention of remaining all winter trading in that region. After getting settled they started for the Hudson Bay company's post, 300 miles further north and at the other end of the Lake. Nothing was heard or seen of them until their dead bodies were found by a trapper about two miles from their camp, a few days ago. It is supposed they were lost in the Lake, and the provisions giving out starved to death before they could reach camp.

Fears are expressed here that Lord Lonsdale has also met the same fate.

Strike of the Weavers

The Situation at Fall River, Massachusetts, Unchanged.

THE SHUT-DOWN COMPLETE.

Many of the Large Factories Are Not Attempting to Run—The State Board of Arbitration Trying to Arrange a Conference Between the Operators and Strikers.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 14.—The third day of the big struggle between the manufactures and weavers shows the situation to be practically unchanged. Less than five hundred looms are running in the eleven mills, and many of the factories have abandoned all attempt to work their weaving departments. It begins to look as if the spinners would soon be out of work as there is now yarn enough on hand to furnish a supply for some time to come.

The strike at the fine goods mills is creating a rather bitter feeling among the manufacturers, as the managers of the corporations employed on the fancy makes maintain that they are paying unusually good prices for weaving as compared with other places, and that they heard no complaint and were not approached on the subject of an advance. As soon as the strike was fairly inaugurated, however, these weavers went out with the rest.

The King Philip, the largest concern in town with a capital of $1,000,000, has not a loom running, and the Cononicut, another fine goods mill, is in a like predicament.

The loom fixers who began to go out yesterday have all left their places to join the strikers. They refused to weave and many of them were discharged.

The same quiet order which has characterized the strike all along prevails to-day.

The shut-down is practically complete. The state board of arbitration has arrived here, but can do nothing unless solicited by both sides to act. They have advised a return to work pending settlement, but the weavers decline this proposal unless some corresponding concession is made by the mills. They are, however, willing to appoint a committee to meet a manufacturers committee in presence of the arbitrators, with a view to settlement. The arbitrators will try to have this plan acted on. If the manufacturers consent to a meeting it will in itself be a victory for the weavers, who for a year past have sought such a conference, only to meet with flat refusal from the manufacturers. If the latter yield to the request now it will probably be owing to the unexpected strength of the strikers. The weavers themselves, as well as the manufacturers, are surprised at the complete success of the movement. All is quiet and orderly. The print cloth market is stagnant.

The Spinners' union, at their meeting last night, took no action regarding the weavers' strike. There is a good deal of dissatisfaction among the spinners over this failure to act. It is argued by many that the spinners ought to strike, as so long as the mills continue to produce yarn, they can pay expenses and are not much injured by the weavers' strike.

West Virginia's Governship.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 14.—R. J. Carr, president of the senate, has filed a petition with the supreme court for a peremptory writ, compelling Governor Wilson to vacate the gubernational chair in his favor. Carr sets forth that regarding the office of governor, the constitution plainly stipulates that "in case of death, failure to qualify, etc., the president of the senate shall act as governor." Mr. Wilson in his right denies the right of Carr to the governship, and claims that the constitution expressly provides that he shall hold over until his successor is duly declared elected by the legislature and qualifies. A decision is expected on Friday.

The Election in New Hampshire.

CONCORD, N. H., March 14.—Returns from 206 cities and towns give the vote of the prohibition amendment as follows: Yes, 23,783; no, 29,182. The remaining twenty-eight towns are all small and the full returns will not materially reduce the present majority of 5,400 against the amendment. The sectarian amendment received a majority, but not the necessary two-thirds vote.

Insanity Leads to Suicide.

ELIZABETH, N. J., March 14.—James Payne, aged fifty, a foreman in the Singer Sewing Machine company's works here, attempted suicide by shooting himself in the head at his residence yesterday. The physicians pronounce his wounds fatal. Payne was formerly a member of the Knights of Labor. Of late he has asserted that the knights had threatened his life. It is believed he's insane.

Where Were the Guards?

EASTON, Pa., March 14.—John Neibert, a prisoner in the Northampton county jail awaiting trial for burglary, escaped last night by breaking an iron bar in the window of his cell. He squeezed himself through a narrow opening, climbed to the roof and then walking over the top of the building, let himself down to the ground by means of a rope made from carpet chain.

Our Coal Production.

An Interesting Report From the Geological Survey.

INCREASE OVER LAST YEAR.

Total Production in Each State and Territory During the Past Year, With the Value of the Same at the Mine—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Mr. Charles A. Ashburner has just submitted to the United States geological survey a preliminary report on the coal product of the United States. It shows that the total production of coal of all kinds increased from 120,975,557 short tons in 1887 to 145,363,744 tons in 1888. The value in 1887 was $182,556,837, which increased to $208,120,806 in 1888. The increased production is shared by every important coal producing region.

Pennsylvania anthracite, including colliery consumption, increased from 42,088,197 short tons in 1887 to 46,568,000 in 1888, with a corresponding increase in value to $88,714,600. Alabama, Kentucky, Colorado, Wyoming, Washington Territory and Montana show large percentage increases, while a slight decrease is noticed in Indiana, Georgia and Michigan.

The total production, and the spot value in each state and territory, are shown in the following table:

States and Territories.	Quantity Short Tons.	Value at the Mines.
Pennsylvania anthracite	43,578,000	$84,977,100
" bituminous	32,500,000	30,875,000
Ohio	11,950,000	11,114,000
Illinois	11,855,188	13,308,030
West Virginia	5,098,800	6,048,040
Iowa	4,642,220	6,304,110
Maryland	3,473,470	3,230,070
Indiana	3,140,979	4,307,370
Missouri	3,009,407	8,650,000
Kentucky	2,670,000	3,086,000
Alabama	2,000,000	3,235,000
Tennessee	1,967,297	2,164,030
Colorado	2,185,477	4,808,049
Kansas	1,850,000	2,770,000
Wyoming	1,480,487	4,811,583
Virginia	1,073,000	1,073,000
Washington	1,215,750	3,037,250
Indian Territory	891,000	1,737,450
New Mexico	635,042	2,003 847
Georgia	230,000	345,000
Utah	205,000	420,500
Arkansas	19,000	280,500
Texas	90,000	184,500
Michigan	65,000	104,000
California	85,000	340,000
Oregon	50,000	150,000
Dakota	25,000	43,750
Montana	41,067	155,501
Rhode Island	6,500	17,875
Nebraska	1,500	3,375
Idaho	600	2,700
Total, exclusive of colliery consumption	138,515,744	200,834,398
Colliery consumption, Pennsylvania anthracite	2,569,000	3,737,500
Bituminous in all states and territories	3,958,000	3,858,000
Grand total	145,363,744	208,1 9,898

Nominations.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The president has sent to the senate the following nominations:

Eugene Schuyler, of New York, to be assistant secretary of state, vice George L. Rives, resigned.

Walker Blaine, of Maine, to be examiner of claims for the department of state, vice Francis Wharton, deceased.

Cyrus Bussey, of New York city, to be assistant secretary of the interior, vice David L. Hawkins, resigned.

The senate in executive session confirmed the following nominations: Arthur C. Mellette, to be governor of Dakota; Luther B. Richardson, to be secretary of Dakota; Cornelius G. Hanford, chief justice of the supreme court of Washington Territory; George W. Irvin, marshal of Montana Territory; Smiley U. Chambers, United States attorney for the District of Indiana; George S. Batcheller, of New York, to be assistant secretary of the treasury; Albert G. Porter, minister to Italy; John A. Esander, minister to Denmark; Walker Blaine, examiner of claims for the state department.

Disposition of Ericsson's Remains.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The secretary of the navy has received a number of requests from prominent persons concerning the disposition of the body of John Ericsson, the famous inventor of the original "Monitor." The secretary has been asked to send the remains to his native country in a government vessel as a recognition of his distinguished services to this country in producing the "Monitor." Other appeals have been made that the body be interred in this country on the ground that Sweden had failed to recognize Ericsson's genius, and that his adopted country should care for the remains. Secretary Tracy has taken the matter under consideration.

When Our New Boats Will Be Done.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—A telegram received from San Francisco at the navy department, stated that the cruiser Charleston would be ready for her dock or steam trial, in about three weeks. According to the contractors, Cramp Brothers, the Baltimore will be be ready in July, but the government inspector thinks she cannot be put in a condition before September or October. The gunboat Petrel, which is being built at Baltimore, will be ready in about two months, barring accidents, and the Philadelphia in about a year.

Arrested For Bigamy.

OSWEGO, N. Y., March 14.—Jay D. Larmouth, a well known and highly connected resident of Sandy Creek, who deserted his wife and disappeared a few years ago, has been arrested at Upper Sandusky, O., on a charge of bigamy. It is stated that after leaving here he settled at Carey, O., and married Miss Sherman, daughter of a rich farmer there. His first wife has gone to Ohio to give evidence against him.

A Mason for Sixty-Eight Years.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 14.—Schuyler Moses, the oldest Free Mason in the state of New York, and the eldest pioneer of this city, died yesterday, aged ninety. He had been a Mason sixty-eight years.

THE RAILROAD SITUATION.

Jay Gould Says Its the Worst He's Seen in Thirty Years.

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—Mr. Jay Gould was interviewed Tuesday and said: "The railroad situation is worse than I've seen it in thirty years. Hostile legislation in Iowa alarmed railroads and killed railroad building. The stockholders in railroads ought to take a more active share in the management, then there would not be so many receivers. Railroads are in advance of the necessities of the country. Texas is the worst state in the country for railroad earnings. Missouri seems to be the best state just now. I don't believe in booms because the reaction always leaves a vacuum.

"The presidents' agreement has improved the railroad situation. The scheme adopted by the general managers here last week is feasible. I am in favor of the plan and the agreement. I want to see the interstate law inforced. The amendment making the shipper responsible with the officials who cuts the rate is right, and puts the responsibility where it belongs. I didn't draw up the first presidents' agreement. The financial situation is weak. Our exports create a trade balance against us, so that I would not be surprised to see shipments of specie. Besides, we know nothing of the financial policy of the new administration. I am not in politics."

The Murderer Talks.

McDow Interviewed in Jail on the Subject of His Crime.

HE CLAIMS SELF-DEFENSE,

But the Evidence Shows That It was a Most Brutal Murder—Indications of an Effort to Bury the Body—Flags at Half-Mast in Charleston—Funeral Services Over the Victim's Remains.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 14.—The revelations only partially made last night indicate that the death of Capt. Dawson was not only compassed in a brutally murderous manner, but that a futile effort had been made to bury the body of the victim as a secret forever. Dr. McDow, Capt. Dawson's murderer, was called upon last night in jail, and asked to explain the circumstances of the tragedy. He at first declined to make any statement, but eventually said:

"Here it is in a nutshell: Capt. Dawson entered my office, used abusive language, and knocked me down with his cane. I got up, and he was about to strike me again when I shot him."

Dr. McDow then went on to say that Capt. Dawson was not killed instantly; that he remained alive for a half to three-quarters of an hour, during which time he, McDow, remained in the room with the man whose life was fast ebbing away, making up his mind what to do.

It is almost absolutely certain that the assassin endeavored, during his long occupancy of the room with the murdered man, to dig his grave, and thus forever bury all proof of his crime with his victim, and that, after finding his efforts futile, on account of the soil, he determined to set up the plea of self-defense, and went out and delivered himself to Private Gordon. It was stated that before being taken to the Central station he was permitted to visit one or two lawyers.

Dr. McDow said that he was standing up when he fired the fatal shot, and Capt. Dawson was about to strike him a second time with his cane. Three things are therefore quite remarkable: One, that Capt. Dawson could not have been shot in the spot where the bullet entered; second, that if Dr. McDow had been knocked down, he can exhibit no marks of such implied violence, and, thirdly, if it were self-defense, why the tell-tale grave beneath the stairs.

Dr. McDow reached the Central station at 6:15 p. m. and surrendered to Lieut. Heidt.

All the flags in the city are at half mast, and telegrams of sympathy are pouring in from all parts of the country.

The coroner's jury will meet to-day, when a thorough investigation of the crime will be made. Dr. McDow is in jail, and under the advice of his counsel, ex-Governor McGrath, will not speak of the circumstances attending the bloody deed. George W. Williams is foreman of the coroner's jury, which is composed of prominent men. McDow's house is in the hands of the police.

After the murder was committed McDow's wife, with whom he had a serious quarrel on the day of the tragedy, fled from the house, taking her baby with her. The police have positive proof of McDow's illicit connection with Capt. Dawson's maid. He and she were traced by a detective to an assignation house, where they remained an hour or so. The maid is still in Dr. Dawson's family. Her mistress is not inclined to believe her guilty as charged.

Messages of sympathy have been pouring in to Mrs. Dawson from all parts of the country. Ex-President Cleveland telegraped: "I am shocked at the death of your husband, and I sadly tender you my heartfelt sympathy and condolence."

The funeral yesterday afternoon was attended by an immense crowd, representing all classes of the community. The funeral took place at the Cathedral chapel. Services were conducted by Bishop Northrop, of the diocese of Charleston, who was assisted by Bishop John Moore, of the diocese of St. Augustine, Fla.

All the clergy of the diocese were in the sanctury. The Sisters of Mercy, the ladies of the Convent of Our Lady of Mercy, and the orphans under their charge attended the funeral. Bishop Northrop delivered the eulogy.

A pitiless rain fell the whole day. The flags all over the city were displayed at half mast, and business was partly suspended in the principal streets. The members of the editorial, reportorial and business staffs of the News Courier, acted as pallbearers.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 14.—Ike Weir, the "spider," has decided to retire from the ring permanently after his fight with Frank Murphy near Chicago on the 28th inst. It is said this is on account of a reconciliation between the "spider" and his father, who is an extensive linen manufacturer at Belfast, Ireland.

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For it does cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Sick Headache, Nervous Debility, Neuralgia in Stomach, and for stomach troubles in general. It never has been equaled, it never will be surpassed, because it full fully redeems every promise made by

THE BOWANEE MEDICINE CO., Dayton, O.

A Fireman Injured.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 14.—Yesterday as truck No. 5 dashed down Dakota avenue in response to a fire alarm, Driver George W. Wright lost his balance and fell from his seat, suffering a broken leg. The horses started down the street and the truck collided with a telegraph pole, overturning the truck and seriously injuring Robert Downey and the captain of the truck, C. E. Wright. Downey will die.

Business Buildings Burned.

GOSHEN, Ind., March 14.—Fourteen business buildings in LaGrange were burned.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for March 13.

NEW YORK—Money 2@3 per cent. Exchange steady; governments steady.

Currency sixes, 120 bid; four coupons, 123¼ bid; four and-a-half, 107¾ bid.

The stock market opened steady, but soon weakened on selling of the Gould stocks. Prices went gradually lower throughout the morning, and at noon were ¼ to 1½ per cent. below the closing of yesterday. St. Paul was about the only exception. That stock was firmly held, and its price fully maintained. Since 12 o'clock the market has been dull and featureless.

Bur. & Quincy	100¼	Michigan Cent...	87
Central Pacific..	34¾	Missouri Pacific...	71½
C., O., C. & I ...	70	N. Y. Central.....	109
Del. & Hudson ...	134½	Northwestern....	108
Del., Lack. & W...	138	Ohio & Miss.....	22¾
Illinois Central...	119	Pacific Mail.....	37
Lake Shore ...	102½	St. Paul.....	62¾
Louisville & Nash	59¾	Western Union..	85¾

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—86@$1 00.

CORN—30@36c.

WOOL—Unwashed, fine merino, 18@19c; one-fourth blood combing, 23@24c; medium delaine and combing, 25@27c; braid, 18@20c; medium combing, 25@27c; fleece washed, fine merino X and XX, 27@28c; medium clothing, 29@30c; delaine fleece, 29@30c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $13 00; No. 2, $9 00; prairie, $7 50@8 50; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5 00@6 00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $3 15@3 70; fair, $2 25@3 00; common, $1 50@2 00; stockers and feeders, $2 00@3 00; yearlings and calves, $2 50@3 25.

HOGS—Select butchers, $4 85@4 87½; fair to good packing, $4 70@4 85; fair to good light, $4 70@4 80; common, $4 00@4 65.

SHEEP—Common to fair, $3 00@4 25; good to choice, $4 75@5 50.

LAMBS—$3 75@6 50.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, $4 60@4 10; fair to good, $3 50@3 75; common, $2 50@3 00; stockers, $2 25@2 75; feeders, $2 75@3 25.

HOGS—Philadelphias, $5 10@5 15; mixed, $5 08; heavy hogs, $5 00@5 10; Yorkers, $5 00@5 10; common to fair, $5 15@5 25; grassers and stubbiers, $5 35@5 55; pigs, $4 00@5 15.

SHEEP—Prime, $5 00@5 20; fair to good, $4 25@4 75; common, $3 00@4 00.

LAMBS—$3 50@6 75.

Chicago.

HOGS—Fair to good, $4 70@4 90; mixed, packing, $4 85@4 85; heavy to choice, $4 70@4 75.

CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, $2 85@4 00; mixed, $1 60@3 00; stockers and feeders, $2 10@3 50.

SHEEP—Common to choice, $3 60@5 00.

LAMBS—$4 50@6 00.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, $1 04; No. 2 red winter, May, 95c.

CORN—Mixed, 44½c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 39c; No. 2 mixed, April, 30½c.

CATTLE—$3 35@4 80 per 100 pounds, live weight.

Toledo.

WHEAT—Active; cash, 96@97c; May, 99½c.

CORN—Firm; cash, 35½c.

OATS—Quiet; cash, 29½c.

CLOVER SEED—Cash, $4 75; April, $4 80.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE MARION DAILY STAR

Published Every Evening Except Sunday

—BY—

W. G. HARDING.

TERMS:

By Mail.....$4 per Year in Advance
Delivered by Carrier.....10 Cts. per Week

THURSDAY, - - - MARCH 14.

NOTES AND EVENTS

Indiana has a State debt of $1,181,000, brought about by bad legislation.

***

Mrs. Cleveland is the synosure of New York fashionable circles at present.

***

Federal appointments are still going on, and Ohio politicians and office-seekers are yet left to wonder what they may expect.

***

Another dressed beef bill is anticipated in the State Legislature this week. It may become a "dried" beef bill before it is passed.

***

It is probable that the majority of old and experienced railway clerks will be reinstated. This will give the mail service its old time efficiency

***

President Harrison is a "home ruler." His territorial appointments have been of men who reside in the territories in which they are to hold office.

***

General Lew Wallace is writing a new novel similar to "Ben Hur," which will be published soon. The scenes are laid in the East, two hundred years ago.

***

A doctor in Pennsylvania inadvertently placed his name in the space for "cause of death" in a certificate to the health officer. Truths are often discovered by accident.

***

The Senate is giving some little attention to the proposed annexation of Canada, and with a like consideration going on in the Dominion, there is likely soon to be some decisive steps taken in this direction ere a great while.

***

A blow was given Ohio White Caps in the passage of the House bill providing for the punishment of the crime of riotous conspiracy. The punishment provided is severe, and sufficient no doubt to check the diabolical method of righting wrongs.

***

The woman suffragists will find encouragement in the legal opinion presented to the chairman of the Ohio House Judiciary Committee. In substance it says there is no constitutional impediment to the conferring of the privilege of voting for municipal offices upon the female citizens of this state. The opinion has eleven pages, among them being ex-Supreme Judge Doyle.

***

A remarkable surgical operation has changed the "clarified nose of an aristocratic young woman into an organ of pure Grecian design," so says a bit of newspaper gossip. This is a new departure in surgery, but comes high, the above mentioned transformation costing the young lady $1,500 and a good deal of suffering, and none but the wealthy and ultra-fash. nable can indulge their pleasant little whims of having their noses put into Grecian attitudes.

Kind Words For Mr. Cleveland.

From The Mirror we copy the following correspondence between a Major Gaskey and ex-President Cleveland

"Office of Dr. C. P. Gaskey,
Marion, O., Feb. 26, 1889.

"Hon. Grover Cleveland, Washington, D. C.,

"MY DEAR SIR—In common with thousands of your countrymen the writer feels grateful for your patriotic endeavors during your administration, and keenly regrets that you were not permitted to continue and consummate your wise purposes. The impartial historian will eventually do you justice, and in years to come the student will learn that near the close of the nineteenth century the American people had one administration comprising the principles of Jefferson, the courage of Jackson, the honesty of Lincoln, and the sagacity of Samuel J. Tilden. Although entirely sightless, faithful friends have kept me informed through the press, and my admiration for your course leads me to write the foregoing. Finally, may I hope to receive a short reply, toned off with a photographic likeness of yourself,—the latter for my children. Trusting it at God will be with you I am,

"Very Sincerely Your Obedient Servant,
"CALVIN P. GASKEY."

"Executive Mansion,
Washington, March —, 1889.

"Dr. Calvin P. Gaskey,—

"Dear Sir—The President directs me to thank you for your kind and cordial expression, and to ask you to accept the enclosed photo. Very Truly Yours,

"DANIEL S. LAMONT,
Private Secretary."

R. B. Hyman, a traveling man, of Grand Rapids says After months of suffering with a very stubborn case of Eczema, of lever sores on my leg, and consulting and taking treatment from a score of more physicians all over the country, Dr Lemoreux, of Lake View, Mich., told me of Lowe's Extract Red Clover. I got two bottles and took extract internally, am entirely well. It was the only thing that the Dr. had to and I had tried every and anything that had been recommended to me. Dr Lemoreux considers it one of the very best remedies as a blood purifier in existence.

Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye, Druggist.

Clifton.

Spring weather.

John Rhoads, of Scott Town, was in town Tuesday.

Irve Clement is making maple molasses.

Willie Bain, who spent the winter in Michigan, has returned.

Mrs. Ed Collins is visiting her sister at at Morral this week.

At this writing Dennis Fahey is still improving under the medical skill of Dr. Shira.

Charley Wilkinson, who lately returned from England, has bought Milt Miller's property and will move to Clifton next week.

Uncle John Bain preached at the new school house Sunday evening. Rev. Bain's sermons are always interesting.

Near onto $3000 has been subscribed for a flouring mill at Clifton—just what we want. Let the good work go on.

Rev. Mills, of Cleveland, delivered a temperance lecture here Thursday night. Those present say that the lecture was the best heard for a long time.

We can notice a little stir here concerning the postoffice. W. S. Rhoads is an applicant under the new administration and no doubt he will receive the appointment.

Miss May Petty left here Tuesday for Unionville, Indiana, where she will spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Robinson.

We understand that Rev. Royal Miller intends locating here permanently. Mr. Miller is in the service of the W. C. T. U.

Jack Terry, a farmer north of us, has gotten up a patent device for post augers so they can be pulled out of the ground with one hand. Jack thinks there is millions in it.

Ex-Commissioner Dodds, of Scott Town, we are glad to say is able to be up and attend to business. He has been in town quite frequently the last week.

John Webb, of Scott Town, and Mr. Sharp, of Clifton, have gone partners and intend to start a skunk farm. The idea is to raise them for their pelts. They claim there is big money in it.

I think I shall embrace the opportunity extended by Dr. Copeland to visit him when he gets out on his farm. C. look out for me about watermelon time.

Uncle Samuel Day has added to his already well equipped farm twenty acres which he bought Wednesday of Rice Harper.

Johnsonville, just on the outskirts of Clifton, is steadily improving. J. Heisler is putting him up a cozy residence in that enterprising suburb and will move about April 1st.

Fred Miller has purchased of Mrs. Nathan Mustine the Siegel farm just west of Cliftons, consideration $40 per acre, total $4080.

Ed Johnson and John Klunk went to Paulding county last week to look at land. They say land is cheap there but very swampy and it will be some time before the country is settled up.

Ed Hill's school at Scott Town is out, also Albert Lallin's at Wild Cat. The Clifton term will last for several months. A vacation of a month will be given by Prof. John Bain, Jr., commencing next week.

E. F. Welch, the night operator for the C. and A. at Cliftons, has accepted the agency at Hulbert, Indiana. Jesse L. Robbins, relief operator, comes to Cliftons permanently.

The farmers have some encouragement for a good crop of wheat. In fact it looks well. The winter has been mild and fruit set out in the fall has been uninjured, and the prospect at this writing for an abundant crop of fruit again the coming year is very promising. Farmers in this community are preparing to put in a large acreage of corn and other sprouting grain. We hope the coming season may be profitable for them.

March 13th. JOE SPIKES.

Prospect.

The farmers are busy hauling corn to the grain elevators. This fine weather gives them a chance to finish husking the corn left since last fall. The price is twenty eight cents per bushel. One thing is certain no one will get rich selling corn at that price—better feed it to the hogs.

The winter term of school at the Ridge school house taught by James Davis closed last Friday. Quite a number of visitors were present. The usual exercises of the last day of a country school were held. The winter term in the Welch district will close tomorrow. This has been a very successful term, the teacher, C. L. Hollenbach, being one of our wide-awake instructors. We are informed that he has given entire satisfaction to the whole district. Mr. Hollenbach intends to engage in the study of law in the near future.

Mrs. J. F. Moore and Mrs. S. L. Wortman visited at Mrs. Wm. Warren's in Warrensburg Wednesday.

David Mohr, one of the pioneers of this township, died last Saturday week. His funeral was held on Tuesday at the Reformed church by Rev. Winters. Mr. Mohr was 84 years old.

The young folks east of town had a picnic at Mrs. Boyd's sugar camp Monday evening. They engaged in stirring "taffy" molasses and eating taffy. A pleasant time was reported.

R. L. Riley has been sick for the past week with a disease similar to the mumps, but he is much better now.

Robert Adams is quite unwell from a severe cold and sore throat.

Miss Maggie Crafty is sick with a severe sore throat.

The children of M. H. Wortman have been confined to the house for the last week afflicted with a mild form of diphtheria.

Mrs. Joseph Gast is very sick with malarial fever and other diseases.

A great many farmers are making maple molasses and sugar. The locality can also a number of large sugar camps.

The candidates for office in the spring section are becoming quite boisterous. Some of them will have to bury their withered hopes deep in the ground after April 1st.

The village council will submit to the voters of each ward an ordinance to macadamize Water street. The amount to be voted upon is $2500. It will carry and ought to as Water street is traveled more than any other street in town, and is in a deplorable condition about one-third of the year.

Lust & Wolfinger have opened an agricultural business in C. Neimeyer's new room.

Marshal Kline arrested a couple of men named Northup, of Centerville, Monday for fighting. One was badly hurt.

Robert Williams and family, who have been visiting friends and relative in this vicinity for some time, returned to their home in Missouri Tuesday.

A large audience greeted the "Allegheny Glee and Guitar Club" last Friday evening All were well pleased. This was the third entertainment given by the Lecture Committee. The next is a lecture by J. Dewitt Miller on Friday evening, March 15th.

March 11th. M.

Claridon-Adelaide.

The store property, part of the estate of A. M. Williams, deceased, was sold at public auction on Saturday last, for $515, P. B. Williams being the purchaser.

Miss Bent Christie, of Caledonia, was in Claridon last week, the guest of Miss Hattie Smith.

Miss Buehrmund, of near Cardington, is stopping in our village, availing herself of Dr. Britton's new treatment of catarrh.

The exhibition on last Saturday night was a complete success. Everybody was perfectly satisfied. Without individualizing, we would like to say that every performance was highly creditable. The music furnished by Misses Gompfe and Martin was excellent, and altogether, we consider it the best we ever witnessed in Claridon.

Mrs. Getty, of Minneapolis, Minn., nee Miss Sadie Risher, formerly of this place, visited her cousin Chas. Brocklesby, of Caledonia.

Quite a number of Claridonites attended Mr. Hofstetter's sale on the 12th inst.

John D. Smith, the mail carrier, has been sick a few days and could not carry the mail, but is now improving.

March 13. X.

Missionary Society Reorganized.

The Young Ladies' Foreign Missionary Society of the M. E. Church met at the home of Mrs. Florence Kling on Wednesday night, and after a very pleasant evening's entertainment, social and literary, a reorganization was effected.

The newly elected officers are Mary Bunker, President; May Harshberger 1st Vice President; Florence Kling, 2d Vice President; Maude Sweney, Corresponding Secretary; Eva Barnhart, Recording Secretary; and Jennie Hopkins Treasurer. The society will hold regular meetings on the future.

W. C. T. U.

The announcements previously made for temperance addresses, on Saturday and Sunday next, are hereby withdrawn. A message from Mrs. Hammond announcing the death of her mother is the reason for withdrawal of notices.

LOUISE F. CHLER, Sec. W. C. T. U.

Marion Art Club.

There will be a special meeting of the Art Club Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. M. A. Peters. A full attendance is desired.

By order of President
FANNY PETERS, Sec'y.

Terrible.

Two-thirds of all deaths in New York City are from consumption or pneumonia. The same proportion holds for most other cities. Delays are dangerous. Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption will always relieve, and may save your life. H. C. HOBBERMAN & Co.

What a Physician Says.

J. M. Losee Red Clover Co., Detroit:

I cheerfully furnish the following for publication.

Mrs. S., age 50, cancerous face well cancer, had tried many physicians, and on present ation to me was a horrible sight to look upon. Nose partly eaten away, deep pits in cheeks, forehead and chin. As a last hope I put her on Losee's Extract Clover Red—large doses internally, and as a local application, I used the Solid Extract in paster form She improved rapidly from the first week, and in four months was entirely well. Now eighteen months since treatment, and no signs of return

JOHN J. WEAVER.

Ulceration of the leg. Indolent Ulcer Recovered entirely after three months' treatment with Red Clover Tonic and Solid Extract Dressing. Now over year and no sign of return.

WALTER W. HUME.

Cancer of Lip and Skin Disease. Entirely cured with three months' treatment with Red Clover Tonic and Solid Extract Dressing. Now over year and no sign of return.

H—— B——

Secondary Syphilis was entirely cured by Red Clover Tonic in three months, with none of the after results such as are left by mercury in such cases

If you have any doubting physicians, they can write to me and I will give them a full history of each case.

Dr. W. H. YARNALL,
Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye, Druggist.

Was the Story Only a Canard?

St Paul, Minn., March 18—Regarding the reported killing of five Fort Scouts in Yellowstone park as detailed in Monday's dispatches from Cheyenne, General Passenger Agent Fee, of the Northern Pacific road, makes statements which seem to demonstrate that the story is a canard. The party could hardly have passed into the park without passing some supply point, where they would be remembered. Superintendent Lamerton, of the park, telegraphs there is no such place as Snake canyon in the park, and that a guide named Ferry is known in that country.

Stricken Dumb.

CLEVELAND, O., March 14—Karl Krieg, who came from Germany two years ago last his wife some time since, and has been stopping with a friend on Mayfield road, near this city. Monday morning he got up at home and went to breakfast, and when called upon to pray said "I am struck dumb." He proceeded to write the particulars of a horrible dream, in which the spirit of Satan stood at each side of the bed and choked him. The pastor says the matter is before him officially.

Why Women Fade.

When you see their beauty because of the blemishes their life. Dr Acker's English Remedy for Consumption is an absolute cure for colds.

H. C. HOBBERMAN & Co.

LATE DISPATCHES.

A Terrible Explosion at Pittsburgh—Clarkson Appointed Ass't Postmaster General.

Special to DAILY STAR.]

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 14.—A terrible explosion occurred in this city this afternoon, reported to be from natural gas, though particulars are meagre. Eight persons have been taken out of the wreck and many are in the ruins. The number of deaths is unknown.

Clarkson Appointed.

Special to DAILY STAR.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.—The race for appointment as Assistant Postmaster General has been settled by the appointment of Clarkson, of Iowa, to that position.

Indiana Controversy Settled

INDIANAPOLIS, March 14.—A discovery has been made which practically settles the right of the legislature to create offices and fill them by election. In 1853 the office of attorney general was created by the legislature and filled by election. The governor denied the authority of that body to take such action, and the case was taken to the supreme court. Some one in looking over eighth Indiana report, found the decision in that case. The court upheld the power of the legislature to create offices and select incumbents. The case is identical with those of the officers just elected by the legislature, and practically settles the controversy between the governor and that body in favor of the latter.

Prisoners Escape From Jail.

ASHLAND, Wis., March 14.—Six desperate prisoners escaped from the jail here last evening. By a preconcerted plan they knocked down the jailor, obtained possession of the keys and let themselves out. The alarm was given shortly after, and a posse was at once organized and started in pursuit. Up to a late hour they had not been captured. Among those who escaped were Daniel Ritchie and Louis Burke, murderers.

A Telescopic Discovery.

BOSTON, March 14.—A cablegram announces that Professor Francis Ferky, of Louvain, has observed a white region on Saturn's ring, visible against the dark portion of the planet.

Syrup of Figs

is Nature's own true laxative. It is the most easily taken, and the most effective remedy known to Cleanse the System when Bilious or Costive; to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers; to Cure Habitual Constipation, Indigestion, Piles, etc. Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Company, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold only by H. L. Flocken & Co. and H. C. Hoberman & Co., druggists.

Do Not Suffer Any Longer.

Knowing that a cough can be checked in a day, and the first stages of consumption broken in a week, we hereby guarantee Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption, and will refund the money to all who buy, take it as per directions, and do not find our statement correct.

H. C. HOBBERMAN & Co.

A Double Dinner in Russia.

The Russian eats on an average once every two hours. The climate and custom require such frequent meals, the digestion of which is aided by frequent draughts of vodki and tea. Vodki is the Russian whisky, made from potatoes and rye. It is fiery and colorless, and is generally flavored with some extract like vanilla or orange. It is drank from small cups that hold perhaps half a gill. Vodki and tea are the inseparable accompaniments of friendly as well as of business intercourse in the country of the czar. Drunken men are rare. Russia and Sweden are the only countries in which the double dinner is the rule. When you go to the house of a Russian, be he a friend or a stranger, you are at once invited to a side table, where salted meats, pickled eel, salted cucumbers, and many other spicy and appetizing viands are urged upon you with an impressiveness that knows no refusal. This repast is washed down with frequent cups of vodki. That over, and when the visitor feels as if he had eaten enough for twenty-four hours, the host says, "And now to dinner." At the dinner tall he meal is served in courses, with wines grown in the Crimea and in Bessarabia, where excellent clarets and Burgundies are made and sold for from a shilling to half a crown the bottle.—Boston Budget.

A Very Smart Dog.

"Now, my dog Laddie has got more sense than most men," said a veteran breeder of sheep dogs. "I never had to train him anything. He just took it up natural. One day when he was a pup I called him down to the pasture to help drive up the cows. In less than a week he could fetch 'em to the house by himself. It got so pretty soon that whenever the cows heard me call Laddie they'd start for home full tilt, without waiting for the dog to come.

"Laddie can manage anything on the farm but Molly, my bay mare. He can't drive Molly. When he catches her by the tail she just stands and kicks at him till he lets go. They are always quarreling. She's afraid to wallow when he's around, because he creeps up and bites her on the tack. One day she caught him asleep on the front porch. I happened to be sitting out there smoking, where I could see the whole show. She walked up sirter on her tiptoes, as quietly as I could have done it, and got even by taking a handful of hair and a piece of skin out of his side with her teeth. Laddie was the most astonished dog I ever saw. He didn't bark and he didn't whine. He just got up as quick as he could and sneaked under the house. He's meditating some revenge yet. For downright hard sense, give me a collie every time."—New York Tribune.

His Father's Castle.

A lot of Irishmen were working together, when one that was always complaining of his work said: "I wish I was home in me father's fine old castle."

A companion retorted: "Your father's fine old castle, is it? It was a fine old castle the ye father had. Ye could stand on the roof of yer father's castle, put yer arm down the chimney and open the front door of yer father's fine old castle."—Philadelphia Press.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

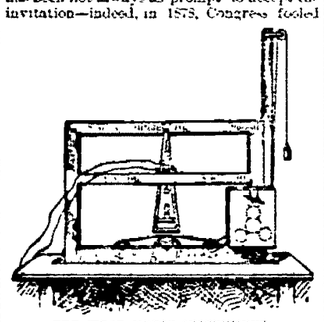
SOME INTERESTING INFORMATION OF THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

The United States Has Already Begun to Send Her Exhibits to the Big Show. Some Surprises in Store—Former Exhibitions in Paris.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, March 11.—When the big steamer La Champagne, of the French line, cleared from Pier 42, North river, on a Saturday morning early in February, she had on board the first consignment of goods for the United States section of the Universal exposition at Paris, which opens on May 5 next and closes on Oct. 31. The goods passed through the custom house at Havre free of duty and were received by representatives of the United States commission, who already have offices at No. 27 Avenue de la Bourdonnaise, Paris. Weekly shipments of exhibits will be made by steamers of the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique until the end of March, the only goods to be shipped later than that date being the very valuable diamonds and jewels for the exhibit of Messrs. Tiffany & Co., of New York, who are famous exhibitors at international expositions

The three world's fairs at Paris, including the Exposition of 1889, have been held just eleven years apart. And the first country to be invited to participate each time has been the sister republic—the United States. She has been not always as prompt to accept the invitation—indeed, in 1878, Congress fooled



THE FIRST MORSE INSTRUMENT.

with the invitation until three months before the date of opening the great fair. But Mr. Richard C. McCormick, who was appointed commissioner general by President Hayes, performed in those ninety days a work that was simply prodigious. He called, by cable, from a pleasure trip in Algiers, Mr. Henry Pettit, an architect, of Philadelphia, who was prominently identified with the construction of the centennial buildings, and, with Mr. Rufus M. Smith, of Philadelphia, as chief of installation, and Mr. Thomas R. Pickering, of Connecticut, as chief of machinery, Mr. McCormick went to work.

Five old naval hulks, including the historic ship Constitution, carried the goods over, and the ships were so long in making the passage that the American colony in Paris advised the commissioner general to give up the space reserved for the United States and make no exhibit at all, rather than a late and incomplete one. But the brave hulks got there after awhile, and the only thing that was not in place and all ready on the opening day was a big steam engine to drive the American machinery. It was running a week later. Great Britain had been at work on her section eleven months before a single case of American goods arrived. Yet the United States made a creditable showing in every branch of manufacture and art, and the reports of the experts sent to describe the American exhibit fill five big volumes from the government printing office

Not so hasty has been the preparation this time. Congress accepted the invitation of France nearly a year before the opening day, and Gen. William B. Franklin, the present commissioner general in his New York office was receiving applications for space as early as July last. No slow war ships will carry the goods this time, and if every mail is not driven in the United States section before May 5 it will be the fault of the exhibitors. The United States will have nearly 80,000 square feet of floor space, and Congress has placed $250,000 at the disposal of the United States commission. There have been received already nearly 2,000 applications for permission to exhibit, and twice the space at the disposal of the commission could be allotted if it could be obtained from the French authorities. But it cannot be obtained. Exhibitors are getting only a portion of the space asked for, and but few applicants have declined it. There will be, from all parts, fully 30,000 exhibitors, and it is estimated that Paris will this summer shelter over 14,000,000 visitors to the exposition.

Manufacturers of every nation are preparing surprises in the form of marvels of inventions, to be shown to the world for the first time at this great international fair. And if the French people will take the advice recently given them by President Sadi Carnot, "Stop talking politics and be in the exposition," all the nations of the globe will get the full benefit of this great congress of industries, and France herself will get the biggest share. The stimulus to trade and the benefit to civilization of such an exposition is immeasurable.

The headquarters of the United States commission will probably be again located on the Rue des Nations, an avenue passing through the center of the exposition grounds, and there visiting Americans can meander, and can rest and read the several English newspapers printed for the 14,000 English and American residents of the French capital.

Steamship fares from the United States to Europe will be increased 10 per cent after the exposition opens, so say the agents in New York. Why? Why not, say we. We would carry no more passengers if the rate were reduced. At the regular fare we will be overcrowded, and why shouldn't we tack on 10 per cent? Patriotic! What do we care for patriotism? We work for dollars. And their logic is true. It probably wouldn't pay to put on extra steamers on each line just for one summer's travel. How can every one go to Paris this summer?—and every one says he is going.

The biggest single American exhibitor will be Thomas A. Edison, whose various inventions in telegraphy, electric lighting, transmission of electrical force, his perfected phonograph, and all the marvelous accomplishments of his great genius will be shown in a single large section of floor space. Adjoining it will be found the largest and most complete collection of original models of great electrical inventions ever gathered together. It is expected there to show Professor Morse's first telegraph transmitter and receiver—an awkward looking wooden frame, resembling a small loom. It is owned by the Western Union Telegraph company. There will be the original telephone and that first phonograph, which, twelve years ago, made a triumphal tour across the continent, stopping at the large cities and there, before crowded audiences, reciting a number of the speeches, songs and music made by Professor Johnson, electrician and a local cornet soloist, who was always engaged. Today the editor of a big New York daily, almost blind by a disease of the eye, which has stricken him, is in full communication with every department of his paper in New York by means of exchanging little wax covered paper cylinders that come to him by the dozen in every mail, which, placed in the perfected phonograph, in his dark room, repeat to him every word spoken ten days before by his lieutenants over 3,000 miles distant, and every voice is plainly distinguished.

This collection of original models of inventions is being gathered together by Professor Abdong, a noted French electrician, who is now in this country, sent by the French government.

There will be, in the United States section, a miniature telephone exchange, connecting the principal exhibits with the office of the commissioner general and with the central office of the Paris Telephone exchange. There will also be a miniature postoffice, the exhibit of a miniature manufacturing firm, showing the complete outfit which they can supply for a village postoffice.

One of the interesting feats in mechanics to be attempted at the exposition will be the welding together of two sections of a main shaft, while in running order, by Professor Elihu Thompson's new process of electric welding. G. M. BAILEY.

A WORD ABOUT CREEDS.

The Liberal Spirit That Now Prevails Among Sects.

[Special Correspondence.]

SAG HARBOR, L. I., March 11.—Religious creeds in this country are very different in certain respects from those of forty years ago. I remember when the Presbyterian minister held no fellowship with the Methodist. He preached against that sect from his pulpit. He inferred, even, that the Methodist was not going to the right place. Now Methodist and Presbyterian fraternize. They fill at times each other's pulpits.

When an Episcopal church was established in my native village some forty years ago, good Presbyterians and Methodists looked on it as a sort of avant-courrier of popery. Calvinism stiffened and bristled. The old quarrel 'twixt Roundhead and the King's church was fought colloquially over again in many a parlor. But this is all over. The Episcopalian hears the Presbyterian minister when his own is absent. The ministers are sociable when they meet. The bars are down. The sheep from either fold graze peacefully together.

But not long ago I went to a social in the basement of our Presbyterian church. They thought and talked and we had a good time. Presbyterian, Methodist and Episcopalian were all there eating cake and cream in loving concord. Fifty years ago would their grandsires and dames have so mingled? Not they.

I was absent in California sixteen years, from 1856 to 1872. During that period I saw very little of any church. On returning and attending sundry Methodist and Presbyterian services, I was surprised at the change. Some of it was in the form. The most of it was in the sentiment. Our modernized Methodist church had a sort of ritual during the morning service—a mild copying of the Episcopal form, consisting of scriptural reading by the minister and responses from the congregation. It struck me they were getting back to the John Wesley style. For Wesley, I believe, never ceased being an Episcopalian, but preferred an inspired prayer out of himself to one read from a book

Our church had an organ, also. I remember in my boyhood seeing old Truman Smith rise in his seat and stalk out when the, to him, impious sound of the first violin used in the choir smote his ear. He never returned. A fiddle for him made only music for Satan.

Churches and denominations are becoming more and more as aids to social organization. The church fair or festival is more enjoyable than the private party. There is more freedom, less restraint, more real democracy. Fifteen or twenty-five cents lets any one in, and people often meet who never meet elsewhere. Yet the devotional spirit of the place is always dominant. Enjoyment never goes beyond certain bounds. The hilarity is mild and tempered with discretion.

Church ceremonial and service have also changed. Forty years ago in a stylish used in the Roman church were, I have to a tolerated in the Presbyterian. Last Sunday I saw a cross embroidered in gold thread hanging loosely over the Presbyterian pulpit as a bible book mark. And nobody stood up during prayer time. Forty years ago all the elders erected themselves into monuments during that part of the service, as their sires and grandsires had done before them, and all because the Roman Catholic kneels. In that rigid good old time none save in the Roman or Episcopal church bowed their heads for a brief prayer on being first seated in the pews. Now this custom is growing among all denominations. The Presbyterianism of today is a very mild article as compared with that of forty years ago. Then it preached a literal hell of fire and physical torment. Today this is largely withdrawn and nothing substituted for it. Then it preached infant damnation, foreordination, predestination and "the elect." It rejoiced in giving either saint or sinner as little hope as possible of being saved.

It made the timid feel that they would be fortunate in getting to heaven, no matter how good they were. It consoled dying women by asking them if they were willing to suffer eternal condemnation and misery for the glory of God. I think there were ministers of that period who took more pleasure in the thought of the lost than the saved. Their minds dwelt on hell much more than on heaven. A man is apt to like best whatever his mind is most set on. I think those clergymen were sincere. But it does seem as if they drifted into a very different attitude of mind from that expressed by Paul when he recommends us to "prove the evermore."

Whatever the Protestant churches may be as regards the forms of worship, there never, I believe, prevailed in them such freedom of thought as now. Of it is some as spoken openly. Most of it is unspoken. But people can't help thinking as their church or creed want it may. Many [illegible] so actively and vociferously [illegible] as a whole better thought of [illegible] form and so many of the real [illegible] principle of religion, as today. [illegible] an unspoken demand to know more of life's mysteries than ever before. People are sensibly asking for more tangible, definite, realistic knowledge concerning the hereafter. Vague promise and vague explanation on the subject no longer satisfy. There is a greater demand than ever to know why life's struggle is still so hard—why disease and pain are still so rampant—why piety, good works and professions of faith do not save even those who try to live up to their highest ideal of a Christian life from long lingering sufferings on beds of anguish—why the man who makes no profession of religion and the man who does suffer all at the same from personal ailments—why, after all, fortune and misfortune, wealth and poverty, health and sickness seem to be dealt in about equal proportion on the head of the irreligious.

God the Supreme [illegible] those who want more light [illegible] and perseveringly, and [illegible] he shall [illegible]

NAPOLEON WITH A PIGTAIL.

Sing You Explains Some Mysteries of Modern Banking.

The flight of Sing You, the late esteemed cashier of See Son & Co., Chinese bankers in Chicago, with $15,000 belonging to depositors, excited all Chinadom. The news that Sing You had appeared in the boodlers' colony in Montreal excited Chinadom more. The receipt of the following letter yesterday by a brother Celestial in Mott street, this city, gave Chinadom a positive thrill.

MONTLEAL, FEBBELALY TWO TLEE.

To Wun Lung, Mott street, New Yorkee, from Sing You:

Whoopee! Me, allo samee Melican man, gettee on train, come Canada, cop no catchee, keepee cash, gettee dlunk, singee song, laise hellee, allee samee boodlees, all samee Eno, alle samee Mandelbaum, alle samee Pladio (Peek-a-Boo synopsee, plages 9), no comee back allee samee Henly Ives, heap foolee.

You tellee me you no sabbee makee money. Me tellee you. You catchee place in bankee, allee samee plesident, keepee books, keepee cash, pay intlest. Heap fine bankee, heap fine safee, heap big sign. Plenty heap Chinaman, he come.

Hop Ah Kin, he come, he say: "Mistah Bankee Plesident, me catchee some money washy-washy, maybe thee hundled dollah. You keepee him foh me?"

You say him: "Allee light, me keepee him." You takee money. You givee leceipt.

Wing Chee, he come, he say: "Mistah Bakee Plesident, me catchee lilly money."

You say him: "How you gettum?"

He say: "Me catchee butts in guttee, makee heap fine cigalettes."

You say him: "How muchee money you gottee?"

He say you: "Mee gottee sebbenty dollah."

You say him: "Allee light, me sock him in safee, pay you intlest."

Mten Fun, he come, he say you: "Mistah Blankah, me have heap fat wad, you keepee him foh me?"

You say him: "How fat?"

He say you: "Wad belly fat—moro steen hundled dollah."

You say him: "Me plenty keepee him in safee, heap pay intlest, you go catchee some more."

Allee Chinaman they come, puttee wad, puttee boodle, puttee spondulix in safee. You catchee bimeby more fifty tousand dollah, makee you heap glad. Bimeby Chinaman he come, he say: "Maybe you give me wad, me go back China." You say him: "Allee lightee; comes tomollah, fo' clockee." Notha' Chinaman he comee, he sayee: "Plaps you payee me my boodle, me go San Francisco." You say him, "Allee light; fo' clockee tomollah." Notha' Chinaman, he come, he say: "Me allee blokе up; must pay thee hundled dollah, me wantee my seals." You say: "Allee lightee; come tomollah, fo' clockee." Notha' Chinaman he come, he say: "My blothe' he gettee allested; me wantee six hundled dollah go bailee." You say: "Allee light; fo' clockee tomollah." Allee Chinaman wantee money outee, none puttee money in. Allee samee you smile likee Henly Ives, you say: "Come tomollah fo' clock." You closee door, puttee down blind, open safee, takee out money, puttee him in zipped sack, catchee half old ticket foh expless foh Montleal, whizpee, cum sudden

Fo' clock tomollah he come, allee Chinaman no see bank. Bankee heap closed. Chinaman lookee in, lookee in safee, allee money heap gone. Chinaman lush down teleglaph office and telegraph

New Yorkee, Feb 20.

To Wun Lung,
President Bankee,
Montleal:
You no sabbee back heap quickee. Pay money.
DEPLOSITORS.

Yep lookee him. You smilee. You go teleglaph office, you teleglaph:

Montleal, Feblaly tootoo.
To Peoplo-dem Chinaman Bank,
Mott Street, New Yorkee:
Lats
I Guessso Wen Lesso.

You go back lookee, you smilee, you catchee too drunah, I ast beefoo, macaloni, fried lice, beans, lasbelly puddin. You eatee heap, you smilee, you gettee dlunk allee time, allee samee Melican man, whoop! heap fun! Thatsa—New York World. SING YOU.

An Honest Woman.

"I see you are advertising fine creamery butter at thirty cents," said an old woman who entered a Michigan avenue grocery yesterday. "Is it butter or is it oleomargarine?"

"It's butter, ma'ame, and the very best," said the grocer.

"Sure it isn't oleomargarine?"

"Perfectly so. I'll warrant it."

The woman turned to go, when the grocer asked:

"Won't you try a few pounds?"

"No, I don't want none. I want some oleomargarine."

"I have that, too," said the dealer, "put up in boxes and labeled."

"How much is that a pound."

"Eighteen cents."

"That won't do. I want to pay just as much for it as butter is worth."

"You can do that if you want to; I ain't sayin' a word, am I?" said the man. "But why do you want to?"

"Well, you see, I've been givin' my boarders the best butter, an' they guy me an' call it oleo. I vow it's butter, an' they won't believe me. Now I want to get some oleo an' tell 'em what it is. They'll think I lie an' eat it for butter. But I don't want to make a cent out of it. I'm an honest woman."—Detroit Free Press.

Moral Logic.

Mrs. Society Crush—The idea of your cousin stealing so much money from the bank. I shall never speak to him again.

Mr. Society Crush—Great Scott! Why, your own brother did exactly the same thing.

Mrs. Society Crush—Yes, but he didn't mortify his relations by being caught!—New York World.

Dissatisfaction.

Father (who has rushed to the spot)—What's the matter!

Boy—Oh, dad, g-g-get me out of this!

Father (slowly)—Wall, if you ain't the hardest boy to please I ever see. Last summer I couldn't keep you out of this creek, and now yer cryin' because yer in.—Life.

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THE ALBERT MEDICAL DISPENSARY

Superior Street, next to Postoffice, Cleveland, O.

Chronic, NERVOUS, SKIN AND BLOOD Diseases

Successfully Treated upon the Latest Scientific Principles.

DR. ALBERT Has attained the most wonderful success in the treatment of the cases to which he devotes his special attention, and through years of patient labor and research, he has discovered the most infallible method of curing general weakness, involuntary discharges, impotency, nervousness, confusion of ideas, palpitation of the heart, timidity, diseases of throat, Rose and skin, affections of the liver, stomach and bowels—those terrible disorders arising from solitary habits of youth—and secret practices, making life a miserable existence and rendering marriage impossible.

Nervous Debility. Those suffering from Nervous Debility, the symptoms of which are a dull, distressed mind which unfits them for performing their business and social duties; make happy marriages impossible, distress the action of the heart, causing flushes of heat, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, cowardice, fear, dreams, short breathings, melancholy, tire easily of company and have a preference to be alone; feeling as tired in the morning as when retiring; lost manhood; white bone deposits in the urine, nervousness, trembling, confusion of thoughts, watery and weak eyes, dyspepsia, constipation, paleness, pain and weakness in the limbs, etc., should consult **DR. ALBERT** immediately and be restored to health.

Organal Weakness Immediately cured and full vigor restored. This distressing affliction which renders life a burden and and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victim of improper indulgence. The most chaste must acknowledge that the passions are the great magnet by which the whole world is attracted. Destroy them and what have we? Man is no longer interested in the opposite sex; the interchange of that blissful repose which attracts and interests the whole world, exists no longer; man ceases to be what God made him: the world is no longer interesting to him, and remorse and disappointment are his constant companions. Consult DR. ALBERT at once and you will find the sympathy and relief that you positively require.

Marriage. Married persons or young men contemplating marriage, aware of physical weakness, loss of procreative powers, impotency, or any other disqualifications speedily relieved. He who places himself under the care of DR. ALBERT, may confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely on his skill as a physician. DR. ALBERT has had many years' experience in hospitals and private practice and is a graduate of the most eminent Medical Colleges of the United States.

Young Men who have become victims of solitary vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave, thousands of young men of exalted talent and brilliant intellect, may call with full confidence.

DR. ALBERT addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits which ruin both mind and body, unfitting them for business, study, society or marriage.

Epilepsy or Fits Positively Cured by a New and Never-failing Method, and a Guarantee given in every case.

Remarkable Cures Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures.

A Perfect Restoration Guaranteed.

PERSONS RUINED IN HEALTH by unlearned pretenders who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. Call or write, but where possible, one personal interview preferred.

Address, with Postage, **DR. ALBERT, Cleveland, O.**

A course of treatment with full directions will be sent to any part of the United States, securely packed, free from observation, upon receipt of Five Dollars, with a guarantee that if results are not satisfactory, money will be refunded.

Sleepless Nights

"For nearly a month I was not able to sleep, but after using PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND for two days, insomnia fled and strength returned." E. G. SMITH, Claussen, S. C.

"I have taken only a part of a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and it has entirely relieved me of sleeplessness, from which I have suffered greatly." MRS. D. ATCHLEY, Peoria, Ill.

Paine's Celery Compound produces sound and refreshing sleep. A physician's prescription. It does not contain one harmful drug. Like nothing else. It is a guaranteed cure for sleeplessness, if directions are faithfully followed. $1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt.

"For a long time I was so nervous and worn out that I could not work. I tried many medicines, but none gave me relief until I used Paine's Celery Compound, which at once strengthened and invigorated my nerves." HARLEY SHERMAN, Burlington, Vt.

Paine's Celery Compound

quickly quiets and strengthens the nerves, when irritated or weakened by overwork, excesses, disease, or shock. It cures nervousness, headache, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, melancholia, and other disorders of the nervous system.

Tones up the Shattered Nerves

"For two years I was a sufferer from nervous debility, and I thank God and the discoverer of the valuable remedy, that Paine's Celery Compound cured me. Let any one write to me for advice." GEORGE W. BOUTON, Stamford, Conn.

DIAMOND DYES original and only reliable. Beware of poor imitations. **LACTATED FOOD** agrees with Weak Stomachs. Best for Invalids.

$1,000 Reward!

FOR EVERY CASE OF

Nasal or Post Nasal Catarrh

—THAT—

DR. LIVINGSTON'S

POSITIVE CURE FOR CATARRH

FAILS TO CURE.

Every bottle guaranteed or money refunded when our rules and instructions are carried out in full. The only catarrh medicine of merit, and the only Company that gives you this chance. This is to show the public that we do not come before the people with a worthless nostrum, but one of merit. Do not let your druggist sell you a bottle unless it has our guarantee on same. For sale by all drug trade. **Price, $1.00 Per Bottle.** If your druggist does not have it, send $1, and we will pay express charges.

LIVINGSTON MEDICINE CO., - DAYTON, OHIO.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE STAR.

CITY TIME TABLE

Following is the time of arrival of and departure of trains at and from the several depots in this city, according to the latest changes.

ERIE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 7	10:50 a. m.	No. 12	5:20 a. m.
No. 37	8:20 a. m.	No. 6	12:05 p. m.
No. 5	2:55 p. m.	No. 38	3:30 p. m.
No. 3	11:35 p. m.	No. 8	10:45 p. m.

BEE LINE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	4:05 a. m.	No. 8	3:15 a. m.
No. 3	10:23 a. m.	No. 10	8:15 a. m.
No. 5	3:27 p. m.	No. 2	2:15 p. m.
No. 9	11:38 p. m.	No. 6	6:55 p. m.
Local	9:30 a. m.	Local	2:45 p. m.

C., H. V. AND T.

NORTH.		SOUTH.	
No. 1	5:41 p. m.	No. 2	9:53 a. m.
No. 3	8:37 a. m.	No. 4	5:10 p. m.

C. AND A.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	8:00 a. m.	No. 12	5:20 a. m.
No. 5	2:35 p. m.	No. 10	7:15 p. m.
No. 17	3:40 p. m.	No. 20	7:30 p. m.
No. 3	10:45 p. m.	No. 8	10:45 p. m.
No. 33	6:00 a. m.	No. 18	12:01 p. m.

Schedule of Mail Trains.

C. & A.—West	8:00 a. m.
C. H. V. & T.—North	8:37 a. m.
C. H. V. & T.—South	9:53 a. m.
C. C. C. & I.—West	10:27 a. m.
Erie—East	12:05 p. m.
C. C. C. & I.—East	2:47 p. m.
Erie—West	2:55 p. m.

Day mails close one-half hour before schedule time of departure, except C. & A., which closes 10 minutes earlier than one-half hour.

NIGHT MAILS.

C. C. C. & I., South of Delaware	8:40 p. m
Columbus	8:40 p. m
C. C. C. & I., North of Galion	3:22 a. m
Chicago	11:10 p. m

☞Night mails close at 5:30 and 9 p. m., city time.

—Dr. B. Mincer, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., who is now a resident of Marion, will visit every town in this county. Any one suffering with weak eyes, or eyes abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the postoffice will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examination or visiting patients at their home. On Saturdays and Sundays he can be found in his office at residence, No. 25, Silver street. 164sly.

How Doctors Conquer Death.

Doctor Walter K. Hammond says: "After a long experience I have come to the conclusion that two-thirds of all deaths from coughs, pneumonia and consumption, might be avoided if Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption were only carefully used in time." This wonderful Remedy is sold under a positive guarantee by H. C. Hobberman & Co.

A Connoisseur.

Dawdie—Where does this man Alkali come from that desires to join our art club?

Bangle—He's from Arizona.

Dawdie—Arizona? What does he know about art, anyway?

Bangle—Why, my dear boy, he told me himself he was chairman of the hanging committee several times in Coyote Gulch.—Lowell Citizen.

A Luxury and Necessity.

For rich and poor who wish to enjoy good health, and who do not wish to resort to bitter, nauseous liver medicines and cathartics, is the concentrated California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs.

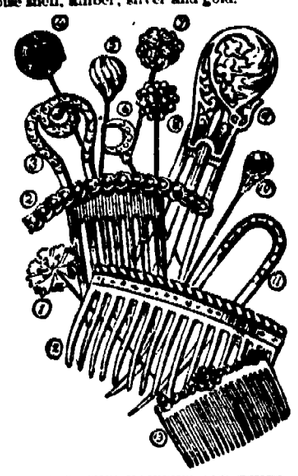
Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co. and L. H. Flocken & Co., druggists.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS FOR LATE WINTER AND EARLY SPRING DAYS.

Approved Styles in Decorative Hairpins, Combs, Aigrettes and Other Ornaments for the Coiffure—New Patterns in Lace and Tulle Caps.

Decorative hairpins and combs have attained a widespread popularity, and consequently are to be seen in many and diversified designs. These pins, in one form or another, are within the reach of all, being made in tortoise shell, amber, silver and gold.



DECORATIVE HAIRPINS AND COMBS.

Hair pins which are most widely known are those that take on such forms as a boat hook, an interrogation mark, a shepherd's crook, an arrow, and an ordinary pin surrounded by a big round ball, a knot, a crescent or a horseshoe. In the cut here given are represented thirteen styles. Fig. 1 is the cornflower pin in enamel and studded with pearls. Fig. 2 shows a tortoise shell comb with a gold cord top set with pearls. Fig. 3 is a gold pin with richly chased top. Fig. 4 is an enameled ball set with diamond trefoils. Fig. 5 is the pear pin in dead and bright gold. The crescent pin (Fig. 6) is of silver, set with Rhine stones. The Pepa pin (7) has a filigree gold head set with brilliants. Fig. 8 is of similar pattern, but set with pearls. The three pronged tortoise shell pin (9) is ornamented with a top of open work gold. Fig. 10 is a silver pin into which are incrusted small but fine moonstones. Fig. 11 shows a gold hair pin, the top of which is set with diamonds. The remaining figures, 12 and 13, represent side combs with gold tops, set with brilliants.

In addition to the decorative hair pins are many costly ornaments for the coiffure, such as sprays and rivieres of diamonds, enameled roses growing out from gold stems, and apple blossoms with diamond dew drops. There are also very beautiful creations in form of butterflies with translucent enamel wings and having gems for bodies.

Fashionable Headdresses.

Caps for morning wear are made of a variety of materials; white dotted lace, embroidered silk muslin, tulle and ribbons, are all employed in the making of these pretty and convenient headdresses.

DOLORES CAP—AIGRETTE.

In the cut is shown a pretty French cap for dressy occasions, and named the Dolores cap. It is composed of black tulle studded with gold. The design of the lace is also outlined with gold. A blackbird nestles at the top.

The second figure in the same cut represents an aigrette for the hair. This aigrette consists of a bouillonne of tulle to match the dress in color, completed with a bow of ribbon and leaves.

Early Spring Fashions.

Spring dresses for the street, says Harper's Bazar, will be made of dark wool serge trimmed with black open patterned galloon as a border and vest placed over light cloth of a color contrasting to that of the serge. Thus dark blue serge will have light tan colored cloth with it, showing through the openings of black cord galloon.

Spring cashmeres of delicate gray, reseda, fawn and rush green shades are elaborately embroidered in colored silks and metals on the draped front of the corsage and skirt. Very sheer woolen stuffs for spring and summer gowns are woven sleazily in straight threads like veiling and bunting, and there are also many canvas like goods as well as heavier twilled serges. Summer camel's hair of a stylish color is bordered with embroidery like cut work, where the design is wrought on the goods and the material between cut out.

Black open patterned gimp will remain a fashionable garniture for armure and bengaline silk gowns.

The genuine mutton leg sleeves, much larger than those now worn, are on new spring dresses, with their fullness extending below the elbow, and met there by a flat plaiting of silk, below which is a narrow cuff of velvet made to roll back and outward from the wrists as if wired.

Directoire Ties.

The directoire silk ties for morning wear, and the white and colored tulle ones for evening, are of recent introduction. Some are double round the throat—that is, they are put on the neck in front, crossed at the back, brought again to the front, and the ends fastened across like a man's necktie of many years ago, but these are not so popular as those which just fasten in front. These latter are composed of a sufficient length of soft silk in flat folds, with the two ends gathered and then spread out like fans. These cross in front, are secured by a brooch, and form a full bow under the chin. The folds form a band nearly three inches wide.

Grant and Greeley.

The following question has been asked:

When Grant ran against Greeley for president, did Grant get the unanimous vote of the electoral colleges?

Grant had the electoral votes of thirty-one states, 286 in all, and Greeley had the electoral votes of six states, forty-seven in all.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

The Curious "Nervelessness," Which Is Said to Be Characteristic of the Chinese.

A writer on what he calls the "nervelessness" of the Chinaman makes the following comments, which are interesting as showing a curious characteristic difference between the Celestial and the European or American. He observes that although the nerves of the Chinaman, as compared with those of a European, may be what geometricians call "similar and similarly situated," nothing is plainer than that the two sets of nerves are wholly different. It seems to make no particular difference to a Chinaman how long he remains on one position. He will write all day, like an automaton; he will stand all day in one place from dewy morn till dusky eve working away at his weaving, gold beating, or whatever it may be, and do it every day without any variation of the monotony, and apparently without any consciousness of the monotony.

Chinese school children will undergo an amount of confinement, unrelieved by recesses or changes of work, which would drive western pupils to the verge of insanity; even Chinese infants remain as impassive as "mud gods." It appears a physiological fact that to the Chinese exercise is superfluous; they cannot understand why people should go through athletic performances when they might hire coolies for the purpose. In the matter of sleep there is the same difference. The Chinaman, generally speaking, is able to sleep anywhere. No trifling disturbances annoy him. With a brick for a pillow, he can lie down on his bed of stalks, or mud bricks, or rattan, and sleep the sleep of the just, with no reference to the rest of creation. He does not want a darkened room, nor does he require others to be still.

The "infant crying in the night" may continue to cry for all he cares; it does not disturb him. In some places the entire population seem to fall asleep as by a common instinct during the first two hours of summer afternoons, no matter where they may be. In the case of most working people at least, and also in that of many others, position in sleep is of no sort of consequence. "It would be easy to raise in China an army of a million men—nay, of ten millions—tested by competitive examination as to their capacity to go to sleep across three wheelbarrows, head downward like a spider, their mouths wide open and a fly inside."

The Daily Sponge Bath.

The advisability of a daily cold sponge bath for everybody is stoutly urged by some people and as vigorously declared against by others. Dr. Grace Peckham explains in The Home Maker the unreasonableness of any arbitrary rule in the matter, as follows: The cold bath is such a delight and refreshment, such an invigoration to one who reacts to it, that he cannot see how another can take up the burden of daily life without it; to the one who does not react, but remains with blue lips and creeping goose flesh for several hours, it is a penance, which he will undergo as long as his enthusiastic friend can keep him up to it, or until his own common sense or his physician tells him to give it up. For the former, who is generally healthy and full blooded, it is excellent; for the latter, who is probably thin and anæmic, it is the worst thing he can do, for it exhausts his small store of vitality.

Cocaine in Hydrophobia.

Dr. Fubini, of Palermo, reports that he has used cocaine in hydrophobia, as a special application to the fauces, with the result of marked relief to the characteristic spasms of the throat. The patient had been bitten on the hand by a mad dog six months before. Three companions, also bitten at the same time had their wounds promptly cauterized; but the patient thought his too trifling to require attention. The spasms of the larynx and pharynx were extremely severe and painful; and the patient, though suffering from burning thirst, could not bear the sight of liquids. Dr. Fubini brushed the pharynx with a one-in-twenty solution of hydrochlorate of cocaine. The spasm almost immediately ceased, and the man was able to drink without the least difficulty.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

One of the Fine Arts of Society—Things a Man May Do with His Hat.

"A woman's role is to seem utterly oblivious of her bonnet after the parting look into the mirror establishes the pleasing fact that it is settled safely and becomingly. The man who forgets what he has upon his head is a boor or incorrigibly absent minded. The right manipulation of his hat is like spelling—it must be learned early and thoroughly or it comes hard and is always a skittish possession." So says Marion Harland while commenting in Once a Week on the etiquette and moralities of men's hats, and adds among further remarks the following:

A nod is not a bow.

To nod to a woman is open disrespect.

The mother who carves the two sentences and the import thereof upon the mind of her boy builds so much better than she knows as to merit the gratitude of her sex. The bob or duck of the covered head which salutes a comrade of his own gender is barely pardonable, even in America. Students in foreign universities would be sent to coventry were they to practice it on meeting in corridor or thoroughfare. Equally general in the older lands, where extended courtesies rank higher than with us, is the custom of doffing the hat on passing a lady—stranger or acquaintance—on the staircase or in the halls of hotel or other public building. In witnessing the effect of the neglect of the gracious little ceremony in the country that furnishes the best husbands in the world, it is impossible to restrain the regretful sigh.

As we descend the social scale the lower we go the more scanty is the observance of the etiquette and moralities of the hat, until we are forced to consider the important adjunct to the outdoor toilet as an almost infallible barometer of breeding. Respect of the rules regulating its management in refined circles is the last sign of better days and better manners with which the decayed gentleman parts. When his hand forgets the way to the hat brim he is very near the foot of the hill. What a slangy lad once called in my hearing "the hat trick," is likewise that which the self made man of plebeian extraction is slowest to learn. I have seen millionaires forget to remove their hats in superb drawing rooms.

"Men can do no end of pretty things with their hats," sighed a belle to me. "The tactics of that useful article (masculine) are a science—one of the fine arts. Yet two-thirds of them don't half appreciate their privileges in that line, or suspect their possibilities."

I saw a man who calls himself a gentleman kiss his betrothed the other day with his hat set as immovably on his head as if it had grown there with his growth and strengthened with his strength!

Things Not to Be Done.

Don't appear listless and indifferent or exhibit impatience when others are talking. Listening politely to every one is a cardinal necessity of good breeding.

Don't show repugnance even to a bore. A supreme test of politeness is submission to various social inflictions without a wince.

Engaged on the Spot.

Dry Goods Merchant—You have called in response to our advertisement as a floor walker? Well, sir, what are your qualifications for the position?

Applicant—I am the father of three pairs of twins.—Boston Courier.

A Friendly Caution.

Mr. Weepleigh (who has come around the corner unexpectedly)—Good moring, Uncle Philip!

Uncle Philip—Good mornin', squire; good mornin', sah! I war jist a comin' up to yo' house fer ter warn yer dat dey's a new fambly ob coons moved in ober on d' hill, an' dey's li'ble ter be fond ob chick'ns. How's yo' Leghorns a gittin' long, sah?—Judge.

Their Mother.

My boy sat looking straight into the coals,
From his stool at my feet one day,
And the firelight burnished the curly head,
And painted the cheeks with a dash of red,
And brightened his very eyes, as he said,
In a most confidential way:

"Mamma, I think, when I'm a grown-up man,
I shall have just two little boys."
I smiled, he was six! but he did not see,
And I said: "Yes, how nice that will be!
But if one were a girl, it seems to me,
It would add to your household joys."

"Well, yes," reflectively, "that would be nice,
And I'll tell you just what I'll do;
I'll name one Robbie, for me, you know."
Then the bright eyes shone with a deeper glow,
"And there's just the two of us now, and so
I'll name the girl, Annie, for you."

"But how would their mother like that?" I asked.
"Do you think that she would agree
For us both to have names while she had none?"
With the mystified, puzzled look of one
Wholly befogged, said my logical son,
"Their mother! Why, who is she?"
—Good Housekeeping.

Not So Prosperous, After All.

At a religious convention held in a western town each minister was required to give an account of the condition of his charge, and if prospering receive congratulation, or, if not, to receive advice and encouragement, with perhaps aid.

In his turn arose a very deliberate speaker and reported that his congregation "was lookin' up." Before he could add another remark the next delegate in order was called for his report, and so on until all were heard from. Then came the chairman's remarks to each delegate. When he came to the aforesaid deliberate speaker he said he must congratulate his brother from the far west upon his being able to report that his congregation was "looking up," whereupon the deliberate speaker arose and said that he should probably have added that, as they were "flat on their backs, it was the only way they could look."—Philadelphia Press.

Practical Philosophy.

Al.—Say, why are you always treating that Miss La Fatte to ice cream in winter?

Ed.—Because cold contracts, you know, and I thought by applying it inside when the weather was applying it outside, I might, perhaps, get her reduced so as to put my arm around her.—Detroit Free Press.

Explained at Last.

Mabel (passing the Whippersnapper club)—Mamma, dear, what do all those men always sit at that window for, I wonder?

Mrs. N.—They sit in that window, pet, in order to let all of us see that they have that window to sit in.—Life.

Mr. Vanderbilt Got In.

A good story is told about one of the Maine Central engineers. Last summer, when the Vanderbilt car was at Bar Harbor, the manager of the Maine Central sent an engine down there to take the car to Portland. The run was made in very quick time, and at Brunswick the train stopped to take on water. While there Mr. Vanderbilt got out and said to the engineer that he didn't want him to drive so fast. The engineer, the veteran Simpson, looked at him a quarter of a minute, and then said: "I am running this train under orders from Payson Tucker to be in Portland at 1:07. If you want to stop here all right. If you want to go to Portland get in." He got in.—Bangor Commercial.

Delicate Treatment of Constituents.

The other day a western congressman came into the senate restaurant with two constituents, good men, but a little rustic in appearance and manners and unused to conventionalities and points of etiquette that are unknown in Wayback. The restaurant was full of ladies and gentlemen. As the congressman seated himself he of course removed his hat. A moment or two later he noticed that his untutored friends had not removed their hats. He hastily put his own hat back on his head and wore it during the meal. Chesterfield could not have done anything finer than that.—Washington Post.

A Smart Boy.

"You see, my boy, that even the noble locomotive, the rugged iron horse, seldom lasts over thirty years, from being a constant smoker," said a wise father to his tempted son. "Yes, dad," replied the boy, "but it don't seem to work that way with some of the noble chimneys we have read of that have stood it over three hundred years." Readiness of reply in young people is always entertaining.—Boston Globe.

LONG LIFE

There is nothing in the world more generally desired than long life, yet the majority of people put off caring for their health—not because they are really careless, but because we live our lives at such a pace we have not time to give the subject sufficient thought until we receive a reminder in the shape of a severe illness.

Then, too, we are constantly bewildered by the various schools of medicine, and the physicians who represent them, and often blunder in our choice of a doctor.

If people only knew that the very best health-keeper, life-preserver, and disease preventer that has yet been discovered, is simmered down into a concentrated and very palatable form in the shape of New Style Pleasant Taste Vinegar Bitters, they would not hesitate a moment to try it.

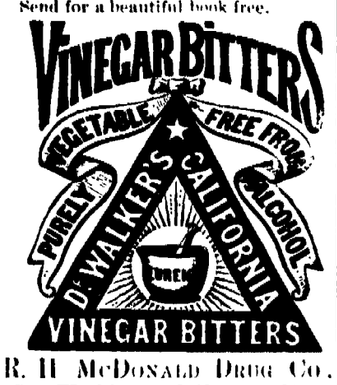
But they do not know. How can they know, when so many not only worthless, but positively injurious drugs are constantly flooding the market under various names guises, that the New Style Vinegar Bitters is as bad as any of them?

They do not know, of course, unless they have the courage to try the New Style. It straightens out a tangled-up system in a very short while, and those who buy it once buy it always.

Why don't you try it, reader? It is sent out by a responsible house, and is exactly as represented. It costs but a dollar for a very large bottle. Try it once and you will never be so glad of anything in your life. Your druggist may not have it, but he will order it for you. Be sure it says New Style Pleasant Taste on carton and bottle before you take it. Try it, and you will feel happier than if you had found a gold mine, for it really is a mine—of health.

Free from alcohol and opium; composed of expensive herbs and roots, with a fine, delicate flavoring.

Send for a beautiful book free.



R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,
Cor. Washington & Charlton Sts.,
NEW YORK CITY.

Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated LIVER PILLS WILL CURE SICK HEADACHE.

A few doses taken at the right time will often save a severe spell of sickness. Price only 25 cents at any drug store. Be sure and see that Dr. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., is on the box. None other is Genuine.

Use **IVORY POLISH** for the Teeth, PERFUMES THE BREATH.

Why Not Own a Farm?

We are agents for the sale of the following lands at prices ranging from $1.25 to $5 per acre.

500,000 acres in Kentucky.
500,000 acres in Tennessee.
600,000 acres in Alabama.
1,200,000 acres in Mississippi.
500,000 acres in Louisiana.
3,500,000 acres in Florida.
2,000,000 acres in Texas.
1,500,000 acres in South Dakota.

Almost any young man can buy 80 acres of land every year with for what he spends foolishly. In a few years these lands will bring ten times what they cost now.

H. T. & G. H. VANFLEET,
Gen'l Land Agents.

HOXSIE'S DISKS

The greatest of all pocket remedies, for hoarseness, loss of voice, Bronchitis, Asthma, and tickling cough. 25 cents.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS A PART of Body. Absolutely no failing. NEVER TREATMENT—Benefit in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home, with

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They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. 40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by L. H. FLOCKEN, or H. C. HOBBERMAN & CO.

MEN ONLY. Cure for weakness, nervousness, lack of manly vigor, development, complexion, etc. BOOK FREE. Erie Med. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

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FAST TRAINS OVER THE ERIE

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Buffalo, New York, Boston, Saratoga, Albany and Other Eastern Cities.

The Only Road Running Solid Train to New York.

3 THROUGH TRAINS. 3

—WITH—

Pullman Palace Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Hotel Coaches, Parlor Cars and Elegant Day Coaches.

TIME TABLE ADOPTED Dec. 2, 1888.

90th Central Time, 25 minutes slower than Columbus Time

Trains depart from Marion, O., as follows

WESTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 7, daily except Sunday	10.50 a.m.
No. 5, daily	2.55 p.m.
No. 37, Way, daily except Sunday	8.20 a.m.
No. 3, daily	11.06 p.m.

EASTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 12, daily	5.20 a.m.
No. 6, daily except Sunday	12.05 p.m.
No. 38, daily except Sunday	3.30 p.m.
No. 8, daily	10.45 p.m.

Pullman Palace Coaches on all through trains.

E. B. THOMAS, Second Vice President.
L. P. FARMER, G. P. A., New York City.
W. C. RINEARSON, A. G. P. A., Cleveland.
W. W. DUNNAVANT, Div. Pas. Ag't, Warren, O.

CHICAGO & ATLANTIC RAILWAY

With its Pullman Built Equipment, Substantially Constructed Roadway and Low Rates of Fare, Insures a Safe, Speedy and Economical Journey to All Points East and West. Write to your nearest railway agent for the

Attractive Low Rates

Via this line.

TIME TABLE, Taking Effect Dec. 2, 1888.

EASTWARD.

	No. 8.	No. 10.	No. 12	No. 16
Lv. Chicago	2.25‡	8.45‡	6.10‡	5.35‡
" Archer Avenue	2.35	8.55	6.20	5.45
" Englewood	2.55	9.15	6.40	6.05
" Hammond	3.25	9.45	7.15	6.40
" Crown Point	.....	10.19	9.42	7.25
" Kouts	.....	11.01	.....	8.23
" North Judson	.....	11.31	*0.55	9.00
" Rochester	5.40	2.35‡	11.56	.....
" Akron	.....	.....	1.01	12.16‡
" Newton	6.10	1.25	12.37	No. 18
" Bolivar	.....	1.38	.....	.....
" Huntington	6.55	2.23	1.15	6.00‡
" Kingsland	.....	3.05	.....	* 6.30
" Decatur	7.45	3.38	2.12	7.35
" Enterprise	.....	4.10	2.40	8.00
" Spencerville	.....	4.44	3.05	8.40
" Lima	8.55	5.12	3.2	9.45
" Preston	.....	5.45	.....	10.20
" Kenton	9.43	6.16	4.15	10.55
Ar. Marion	10.3	7.15	5.10	12.01‡
" New York	11.07	.....	7.57	.....
" Boston	6.15‡	.....	12.40‡	.....

WESTWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 17.
Lv. Marion	8.00‡	11.20‡	3.15‡	8.30‡
" Kenton	8.50	12.10‡	3.5	4.45
" Preston	9.17	.....	.....	* 5.25
" Lima	9.45	1.05	4.38	6.15
" Spencerville	10.14	.....	.....	6.55
" Enterprise	10.45	1.50	5.22	7.40
" Decatur	11.26	2.27	5.50	8.40
" Kingsland	11.58	.....	.....	9.24
" Huntington	1.00‡	3.25	6.50	10.30
" Bolivar	1.42	.....	.....	.....
" Newton	1.45	4.05	7.22	.....
" Akron	2.14	.....	.....	No. 15.
" Rochester	2.38	4.45	8.00	.....
" North Judson	3.51	.....	.....	6.50‡
" Kouts	4.25	.....	.....	7.22
" Crown Point	5.16	.....	.....	8.12
" Hammond	6.05	7.25	10.25	8.50
" Englewood	6.30	7.55	10.55	9.20
" Archer Avenue	7.00	8.15	11.15	9.40
Ar. Chicago	7.10	8.25	11.25	9.50
Lv. New York	.....	8.30‡	5.00	.....
" Boston	.....	9.00	8.30‡	.....

Nos. 8, 1, 10, 3, 5 and 15 daily. Where time is not shown trains do not stop. Nos. 17 and 18 daily except Sunday. * stop on signal. ‡ p.m. Sa.m.

F. C. DONALD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.
T. W. BURROWS, Superintendent, Chicago.

Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo R'y TIME CARD.

Taking Effect Nov. 18th, 1888.

[Central Time.]

NORTH BOUND.

River Division.	No. 3. Daily except Sunday	No. 7. Daily except Sunday		
Lv. Pomeroy	3.30pm	5.25am	.....	.....
" Gallipolis	4.24pm	7.37am	.....	.....
" McArthur Jc	5.5pm	12.05pm	.....	.....
Hocking Valley Division.	**No. 1. Daily**	**No. 3. Daily**		
Lv. Athens	7.00am	6.05pm	.....	.....
" Logan	8.15am	7.20pm	.....	.....
" Lancaster	8.58am	8.03pm	.....	.....
Ar. Columbus	10.10am	9.25pm	.....	.....
Toledo Division.	**No. 3. Daily.**	**No. 1. Daily**		
Lv. Columbus	7.00am	4.00pm	.....	.....
" Delaware	7.53am	4.55pm	.....	.....
" Prospect	8.17am	5.20pm	.....	.....
" MARION	8.37am	5.41pm	.....	.....
" Up S'ndsky	9.15am	6.35pm	.....	.....
" Caroy	9.35am	6.55pm	.....	.....
" Fostoria	10.05am	7.25pm	.....	.....
Ar. Toledo	11.25am	8.40pm	.....	.....

SOUTH BOUND.

Toledo Division	No. 2. Daily.	No. 4. Daily		
Lv. Toledo	7.00am	5.00pm	.....	.....
" Fostoria	8.23am	6.33pm	.....	.....
" Caroy	8.55am	7.24pm	.....	.....
" Up S'ndsky	9.15am	8.00pm	.....	.....
" MARION	9.53am	8.40pm	.....	.....
" Prospect	10.13am	9.00pm	.....	.....
" Delaware	10.37am	9.24pm	.....	.....
Ar. Columbus	1.30p	0.2.1	.....	.....
Hocking Valley Division.	**No. 4. Daily**	**No. 2. Daily**		
Lv. Columbus	8.00am	4.00pm	.....	.....
" Lancaster	9.18am	5.23pm	.....	.....
" Logan	10.08am	6.30pm	.....	.....
Ar. Athens	11.15am	7.30pm	.....	.....
River Division.	**No. 4. Daily except Sunday**	**No. 8. Daily except Sunday**		
Ar. McArthur Jc	12.05pm	9.22am	.....	.....
" Gallipolis	1.41pm	1.35pm	.....	.....
" Pomeroy	2.32pm	3.30pm	.....	.....

NOTE ON RUNNING OF TRAINS.

Trains Nos. 3 and 4 Toledo division, will carry Monarch Parlor Car between Toledo and Columbus.

Direct connections made in Union Depot at Columbus for Newark, Zanesville, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia; also for Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville and all points South and Southwest.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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Marion, O., March 12, '89.

Samuel Oppenheimer,

Dear Sir---You are hereby notified that your lease of room in Bennett block expires the 31st of this month, and you are required to vacate said premises immediately after that date. The building will be torn down April 1st.

Yours Truly, C. C. Fisher, Agt.

The above notice has just been received, and I have only about FIFTEEN DAYS more at the old stand. During these Last Fifteen Days I will Sacrifice Goods of All Descriptions at Prices that you Never Heard Of Before. Have a Large Assortment of SPRING SUITS—Men's and Boys'. You can buy them of me cheaper than elsewhere.

SAM OPPENHEIMER.

SANFORD'S!

$3.00 Will buy a Choice Tea Set that has heretofore cost a much larger sum.

$3.00 Will buy a Chamber Set that nobody should miss at that figure.

$9.75 Will buy a Dinner Set never before offered at such a low figure.

All Choicely Decorated.

☞These offers are for ONE WEEK ONLY! Don't miss seeing them.

An Unusually Large and Complete Line of

REWARD CARDS.

—WITH—

Speakers and Dialogues,

—AT—

WIANT'S.

WANTED—SITUATIONS—By a young man who has had several years experience in the grocery business. Can furnish the best of references. Address "GROCER," Star Office.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Center street, Harding addition. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of MRS. ELIZA HARDING, 20 Mt. Vernon Ave.

FOR SALE—Household goods and lease of two rooms, all in Fite block. Inquire of MRS. ATKINSON, 131 Oak St.

FOR RENT—Desirable storeroom on Main street, opposite Harding House. Apply to or address D. M. WARD, 118 Oak St.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One cart and harness, one single and two set double harness, almost new. Apply to MRS. DARLING HUMPHREY, 124 W. Mt. Vernon Ave.

WANTED—W. P. Krumroy would like to rent a small house in a desirable location and also to let a stable for two horses. Apply at the store of A. Wiant & Bro.

STAR OFFICE TELEPHONE NUMBER 51.

—Miss Emma Kaplan has returned from an extended visit to friends at Milwaukee, Wis.

CHASE & HUNTER

FOR SALE—The John Deck property on South East street.

FOR SALE—Mrs. Leedy's residence on East South street.

FOR SALE—Mrs. Stull's residence property on Bane street very cheap for cash.

FOR EXCHANGE—Good $3,000 residence in Marion for a small farm.

—Buy your bread at Rapp's.

—Lee Kelly was at Kenton on business today.

—Enough for a party at Rapp's and get your bread.

—Robert Dodds made a trip to Columbus today.

—James Wenger is erecting a house on South High street.

—J. J. Hane and J. F. McNeal were at Bucyrus today on business.

—Contractor Beaver is erecting a large brick house on South High street.

—Auditor Will Clark made a flying business trip to LaRue Wednesday.

—Mrs. J. J. Hane spent Wednesday and Thursday with friends in Bellefontaine.

—Mrs. T. J. McMurray was at Galion a guest of friends and relatives Wednesday.

—Supt. Frank Stoll, of the Iron Company, is rejoicing over the birth of a son last Tuesday night.

—School examinations have been in progress this week preparatory to the close of the term on Friday.

—Herman Goeddke, resident on Oak street, is one of the happiest men in town. A new son is the cause of his joy.

—For sale: Eggs for hatching from pure white Cochin poultry. Coops in Hen Poultry Yards lot. PHILIP BAUM, Prop'r.

—A nice and kinds of both hard and soft coals can be had at L. B. Gray's, No. 1 North East street. Call on him. Ref.

—Dr. Hawkins an has resumed his position as night janitor at the Bee Line office during the absence at Vernon, working days.

—The boys should remember to bring their books for the Mascot back for the new paying that will begin. It has been decided March 20th.

—The Misses Culbertson, of Upper Sandusky, returned to their home today after a pleasant short visit with Dr. Mossop's family and others of friends.

—Mrs. Hunter, of Agricultural Works & Harder in their real estate office. Mr. Hunter is a clever young gentleman and his wife is very popular among the ladies of the city.

—The ladies of the M. E. church will have a supper in the basement of the church Friday evening, March 15th. A good supper served from 5 o'clock to 8 o'clock p. m. Ice cream extra.

—Mrs. Dr. Barton is at Galion, the guest of friends and relatives for a short time.

—Dr. Cooper, of Upper Sandusky, dentist of Dr. Swan, is in the city today.

—The Martyr of Our Nation will be represented on the Normal Hall stage the same evening.

—Tom Hodder has accepted a position as assistant operator in the Western Union office at this place.

—S. B. Hill, of Kansas City, is spending a few days in the city and vicinity, visiting relatives and friends.

—Dave Eberhart, of the firm of Everhart & Stark, is at Sandusky City, engaged in fishing for the summer.

—Rufus Sears was in town on short time business and returned to his home in Galion Wednesday evening.

—Will Sturmer, of Iberia, another of Prof. Sturmer's pupils, left this morning for Spencerville, to be gone a couple of days on legal business.

—Sid Baker was called to his home at Mineral this morning by a message announcing the serious illness of his little child.

—Dr. Wiant reports Chas. Hagerman's child, who has been seriously ill with scarlet fever and whooping cough, much improved.

—W. H. Eckard has resigned his position in the delivery department. He is now occupying an office in addition to the one he has been using.

—Mrs. J. C. Quary and daughter, Nettie, returned to their home at Lakeville, Wednesday, after a pleasant visit with friends and relatives in this city.

—C. Swihart, yardmaster of the Bee Line at this point, received his family from Galion to this city Wednesday, and is occupying the Clark residence on North East street.

—J. G. Leffler is making a change in his business on the corner of East and South streets. He has moved a building which stood in the rear of the others, out to the street, and is now repairing it to be used as a dwelling house.

—Dr. Hazlett and Jas. J. Sykes are at Indianapolis this week examining Mayor Bair's papers. He is to be introduced by Hon. R. W. Young. Admission 50 cents. Tickets on sale at the store, reserved seats can be procured at Tristram & Young's for 75 cents.

—The Irish Ball given by Wm. Carey, Wednesday night, was a success in every way but in the masks. Miss Dennings was awarded the lace pin for being the most graceful waltzer, and Dan Fitzpatrick was given the cuff buttons for attracting the most favorable comment than any other gentleman on the floor.

—Bee Line, Iowa Chronicle: As was previously stated in the Chronicle a very pleasant company witnessed the marriage of Prof. Harry C. Coleridge, of Nebraska, to Anna [illegible] at the Wynn home on Prospect street, Wednesday evening, the ceremony being performed by Rev. E. B. Newcomb. The happy couple have the best wishes of many friends in this city in their new relations.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Fair, colder weather, northwesterly winds.

HOUSE FURNISHING

Artistic Draperies

—IN—

Heavy Portiers, Silk, Madras, Nottingham and Guipure

Lace Curtains

WARNER & EDWARDS.

CARPETS!

Again we call attention to our Very Superior Line of Carpets. We have Exclusive Patterns. Choice Effects in Body Brussels, Velvets, Tapestries and Ingrains.

DO NOT FORGET!

We have Colorings and Styles that Cannot Be Equaled. We can save you money.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

CARPETS

We have the Largest and Cheapest Line of Carpets ever shown in our city. For this reason we sell more and can afford to carry a larger stock than our competitors. We bought our Carpets before the advance in prices, therefore we can afford to sell cheaper.

D. YAKE.

ADJOURNED AGAIN

Action on Goose Creek Improvement Postponed to March 26.

No further action was taken in the matter of the Goose Creek improvement Wednesday, the hearing ending in an adjournment to March 26.

This delay is based on the reasons of claims for damages, and some of the notices having been improperly served. In the meantime the Commissioners will view the line of the ditch and estimate their allowance of the claims for damages filed.

LaRue.

LaRue is visible though changes and alterations can be noticed from year to year. This spring there will be more changes than usual and it is hoped that they will be for stable and around. Changes and alterations characterize the world.

Nothing very strange has happened here since my last. A lecture on temperance, a shanty row at the dead fall on the river bank, and two men met in the road south of here, one became saucy and rough and the other hit him a tap, knocked him down and went on.

O. N. Myers has sold his property on the corner south of the postoffice to his sister Nancy, for over $2000.

Gaston & Meaney are looking up a site for a livery stable.

I have sold over one-fourth acre of land to Benson of Brooklyn.

Wheat has faded out fast in the last twenty days. Five out to that time it looked well generally. I have not expected a good wheat crop and will happily be disappointed if we have one.

I noticed B. F. Wagner on our streets. He was here, I presume, surveying the changes in prospect. He is forever results as nearly as any one.

A wedding is to bring, but particulars are unknown. Time will tell and explain happenings possible.

There is a good deal of hunting about now—spring time is near at

There is much business but still there is a chance. Dr. Sawyer has a number of cases between here and Marseilles in all of which he seems to be the most successful at present.

James L. Davis worse than ever before. He is slowly wearing away.

I said in my last that I would give a condensed statement of the autopsy held in the case of A. J. Knapp by Dr. Sawyer, assisted principally by young Dr. Bennett, and will now give Dr. Sawyer's statement in regard thereto. "At the autopsy of Mr. Knapp there was found a very marked condition of the esophagus about one inch above its entrance into the stomach, the result of cancer's tissues formed by the healing of an ulcer in that locality. Near the cardiac orifice of the stomach there was an ulcer about three-fourths of an inch in diameter that had eaten through its mucous and muscular coat, and along the greater curvature the mucous lining was completely denuded throughout its entire length. The remaining mucous membrane was soft and pliable. The entire body, as well as the viscera, was in a very atrophied condition, due to the protracted lack of nourishment. The only other pathological condition discernable was a new sac that distended the bladder, containing a small biliary calculus." As the condition revealed was such as to substantiate and establish as correct the diagnosis of most physicians who examined him, it was gratifying to the family and friends to know that all that could be had been done for him. His case was beyond the reach of human skill so far as curing him was concerned.

A lawsuit before Myers, J. P., with Barlow for plaintiff and Wolford for defendant. The attorney's motion to dismiss the case was sustained and court adjourned.

March 13. C.

Paper Hanging.

Thomas F. Cronover is unable to work himself but employs three first-class paper hangers who will do all kinds of work in the best manner on five hours notice, and a first class job guaranteed at a price as cheap as any botch jobs are done. Orders may be left at the shop in the Herring & Leffler building on South street, or sent through the postoffice to Cronover, who employs all his workmen.

A Cut In Coal

I have been out of fifty cents per ton for coal, at the same time I could be with pleasure to make the same [illegible] Lehigh, Pittsburgh and Pittston Nut and other coals in market, carefully screened.

—Rev. C. Marvin Smith, of Cleveland, who has been the guest of Rev. R. Christian and family, will leave on Texas the middle of

—Mr. Ham, General Superintendent of the Bee Line and Toledo was in the city on business today.

—A great many of our short men were at the circus today, attending the show quite early in the day.

L. O. O. F. Notice.

All members of Kosciusko Lodge are requested to meet at the lodge room on Thursday evening, March 14th, at 7:30 o'clock sharp, for work.

By order of GEO. E. LAWRENCE, N. G.

Notice—Moving.

Team and farm wagon with high side boards will be found at the Wood Yard for moving. First house south of gas house, east side of West street. B. A. UPTON.

MUSIC HALL.

ONE WEEK ONLY.

The Return of the Favorites.

THE GRAHAM EARLE COMPANY.

In a round of

NEW PLAYS

Opening

MON., MARCH 18.

CHANGE OF BILL NIGHTLY!

Popular Prices, 10 & 20c.

Secure your seats without extra charge at Tristram & Young's.

GET YOUR MEALS

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CULL'S DINING HALL

Refitted and Better than ever.

REGULAR MEALS

THE BEST IN THE CITY

—FOR—

25 CTS.

Special Dishes Served to Order.

Oysters at All Times.

LUNCH STAND IN CONFECTION.

TICKETS 21 MEALS $5.00.

My old patrons and all new ones are invited to call.

JOHN CULL.

24 Door East of Court House

Riley & Wright's

HACK LINE!

The undersigned have purchased the Ed Miller Hack Line, restocked the same and are better prepared to serve the public than ever. Calls made for all trains for both passengers and baggage.

Funeral Attendance

A Specialty. Leave orders at hotels, or at office at barn. Telephone 15.

RILEY & WRIGHT.

To the WEAK and DEBILITATED

Persons suffering from ORGANIC WEAKNESS, or incapacity for active duties of life, who may find themselves PREMATURELY OLD, or are suffering from NERVOUS WEAKNESS, of any description, can be permanently cured by consulting

DR. ALBERT,

Superior St. next to P. O., CLEVELAND, O.

MASSILLON COAL!

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BEST in the MARKET

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Prendergasts'.

JUST RECEIVED!

Ladies' French and Curso Kid

WALIKING SHOES

In Common Sense or Opera Toe,

Patent Leather Tip!

Opera Slippers!

—WITH—

FANCY BUCKLES

—AT—

TRISTRAM & YOUNG'S.

The Best Jackson, Massillon & Hocking

LUMP AND NUT

Lehi, Scrnton and Lackawana

Chestnut, Stove & Egg Coal

—AT—

PRENDERCASTS',

AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

MERCHANT TAILORING

WILLIAMS & LEFFLER,

—THE—

LEADING MERCHANT TAILORS

Are Now Showing Their

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

PRICES REASONABLE.

EIGHT DIFFERENT BRANDS OF

FLOUR!

—AT—

Williams & Gurley's,

Three Doors North of the Jail. Satisfaction Guaranteed, Both on Price and Quality.

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H. J. SCHOLL

MANUFACTURER

—AND—

Wholesale Dealer

—IN—

Choice Cigars

Everybody smokes his make of cigars.

OUR SPECIALTY

ALADDIN STOVES AND RANGES

"BLO!"

"Young man, don't be afraid to blo your own horn, but don't blo it in front of the procession; go to the REAR and do it"—Josh Billings.

A few years ago there was added to the Stove Procession of Marion the CLEAR, STEADY GLOW of

A NEW HORN.

It was sounded in the "rear," at first UNNOTICED, almost UNHEARD; through TIME, PATIENCE and INTEGRITY of perfect [illegible] PURITY of TONE and BEAUTY of EXECUTION were at length recognized by its immediate neighbors, the procession "right about faced," and today "it leads the band." PUBLIC CONFIDENCE, ADMIRATION, PATRONAGE, PRAISE and LOYALTY, ALL have been won legitimately by the OUT-AND-OUT worth of the class of goods we handle. Dear reader, will YOU join the procession and help us protect your PURSE?

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